

## BRUHAT BENGALURU MAHANAGARA PALIKE

Office of the Deputy Conservator of Forests, Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike N.R Square, Bangalore

No: DCF/PR:1448 /2024-25

Date: 30.10.2024

To.

The General Manager (Civil)/Corrior 02, K-RIDE, Samparka Soudha, 1<sup>st</sup> Floor, Opp. Orion Mall, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Rajajinagar 1<sup>st</sup> Block, Bengaluru.

### OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM

Sub: Regarding the Revisit for the Reassessment of trees from Sl. No. 110 to Sl. No. 507 and Sl. No. 605 to Sl. No. 646 (Total 440 trees) standing in the Project area of Bangalore Sub-urban Railway Project, for Corridor 02, Bengaluru- reg

Ref: a) KRIDE/BSRP/C-2/BBMP/055 dtd 17.10.2023

- b) KRIDE/BSRP/C-2/BBMP/002 dtd 30.01.2024
- c) KRIDE/BSRP/C-2/BBMP/008 dtd. 07.05.2024
- d) Member Secretary, TEC and ACF Letter No. ACF/PR.13/2024-25 dtd 28.05.2024 along with Report and related documents of Tree Expert Committee
- e) This Office Official Memorandum No. DCF/PR-356/2024-25 dtd 29.05.2024
- f) Daily Orders dtd 27.09.2024, of the Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka in WP 17841/2018
- g) Member Secretary, TEC Letter No. ACF/PR. 67/2024-25 dtd/ 28/10/2024 along with Report of Revisit, Reassessment of 440 trees and Appendix of the TEC

Based on the application submitted by the General Manager, Civil/Corridor 02, KRIDE, Bengaluru during January 2024 under Sections 8 (2) and 8 (3) (vii) of Karnataka Preservation of Trees Act, 1976 regarding removal of 1227 trees for Design and Construction of Elevated Viaduct of length of 8.027 Kms and AT-Grade Section of length of 17.551 Kms for KRIDE Project, this Office Official Memorandum No. DCF/PR-356/2024-25 dtd 29.05.2024 was issued which contains that out of the 1281 trees, 493 trees were for retention and 89 trees for

translocation, for 699 Nos. of trees were permitted for removal/felling of balance as cited under reference (e) above. The details are as follows:

An Interlocutory Application No. 02/2024 has been filed by the Petitioners in the Writ Petition 17841/2018 in connection with the Official Memorandum No. DCF/PR-356/2024-25 dtd 29.05.2024 for which the stay has been imposed by the Hon'ble High Court. As per the Daily Orders dtd. 27.09.2024, the Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka has directed as follows:

".......In the aforesaid view, the following Order is passed.

- The Tree Committee shall re-visit each of the above trees mentioned at Sl. Nos. 110 to 507 as well as Sl. Nos. 605 to 646 in the Office Memorandum dated 29.05.2024 and re-examine the feasibility and permissibility for felling the said trees.
- After undertaking the inspection and examination as above, separate orders shall be passed with reasoned recommendation as may be thought fit by the Advisory Committee.
- 3. The exercise shall be completed within a period of three weeks looking to the total extent of the area.
- 4. A fresh Order shall be passed by the Tree Officer based on the recommendations of the Tree Committee.

In pursuant to the above Daily Orders of the Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka, the Tree Expert Committee immediately instructed the concerned Field Forest Officer to reinspect the area, tally the above said 440 trees from Sl. No. 110 to 507 and from Sl. No. 605 to 646 as per the Annexure C (list of trees for felling) of Official Memorandum dtd. 29.05.2024 with respect to the enumeration list of trees, furnish their remarks and submit the same to the Committee so that revisit/reinspection of the area for the reassessement of trees can be expedited in obedience to the orders of the Hon'ble High Court.

The concerned Field Forest Officer has carried out inspections on 16.10.2024 and 17.10.2024 and submitted the connected Mahazar and Report related to 440 trees. After receiving the necessary documents, the said locations of the project area were revisited and the field inspection for the reassessment of trees was carried out by the Committee on 19.10.2024, 21.10.2024 and 22.10.2024.

The concerned Representatives of KRIDE Authorities and Forest Officers of BBMP were present at the project area with all necessary documents.

At the Project Area, during the course of Field Inspections, the following activities were carried out by the TEC for reassessment of each tree.

- Physical verification of the tree number and the associated information collected by the Forest Department Officers including tree health / tree defects and general assessment as per provision under Section 8 (3) of the KPT Act, 1976.
- Confirmation regarding those trees being inside the project area and standing at the construction activity sites/spots.
- iii. Review of reassessment of trees as per the entries made by the Field Forest Officer.
- iv. Discussions with the KRIDE Authorities to explore possibility of carrying out the construction activities without removal of trees and identification of such trees which can be retained on-site as this is considered as first priority.
- v. Assessment of the general conditions of the trees to decide the feasibility of its translocation/transplantation in case of retention-on-site not possible, as that being the next option.
- Recording of TEC's remarks and recommendations for on-site retention/translocation/ felling of trees.

It has been noticed that these 440 trees are standing at two locations within the premises of CQAE Defence Land (Navy), Jalahalli Bengaluru. The above two locations are among the 12 locations of the Project Area extending from Chikkabanavara Railway Station to Benniganahalli Railway Station which relates to Design and Construction of Elevated Viaduct of length of 8.027 Kms and AT-Grade Section of length of 17.551 Kms of Corridor 02, BSRP.

The said area containing 440 trees pertaining to KRIDE BSRP Corridor 02 Project is densely populated with trees. It appears that number of saplings have been planted in the past at close spacing with a mixture of species both exotic and native. Consequently the fast growing tree species have suppressed the growth of slow growing and other species because of the root competition and canopy overlapping. Some saplings were also planted beneath the canopy of the already existing bigger trees. Therefore the growth for such, young saplings/sub-adults has been adversely affected by the shade of the existing bigger trees. This method of raising plantation in the past has caused trees developing forked stems formation with weak branch union and stunted growth eg. Species like Tectona grandis have been completely stressed and growth retardation has resulted in production of multiple side branches

The TEC had thorough discussions with the KRIDE authorities regarding execution and construction activities without removal of trees and identifying the trees which can be retainedon-site with respect to alignment, design and plan. As per field inspection, out of the total 440 trees, no trees have been identified which can be considered for retention-on-site as all the trees are standing within the project construction zone activities.

 Therefore these 440 trees will have to be suggested for removal/felling as they are standing within the proposed following physical features of the Project as per KRIDE Letter No. KRIDE/BSRP/C-2/BBMP/006 dtd. 30.04.2024.

Sl.	Dhysical footune	Details of Locations,	Total trees
No.	Physical feature	Zone wise	1 otal trees
1.	Construction of Viaduct for elevated alignment for Roads, Drains and for Boundary Wall	CQAE – Location 1 RR Nagar Zone	1. Tree No. 311 to Tree No. 338 = 28 Nos. 2. Tree No. 349 to Tree No. 368 = 19 Nos. 3. Tree No. 370 to Tree No. 390 = 21 Nos. 4. Tree No. 392 to Tree No. 437 = 46 Nos. 5. Tree No. 442 to Tree No. 486 = 45 Nos. 6. Tree No. 508 to Tree No. 550 = 43 Nos. 7. Tree No. 552 to Tree No. 566 = 15 Nos 8. Tree No. 599 to Tree No. 618 = 20 Nos. 9. Tree No. 620 to Tree No. 634 = 15 Nos. 10. Tree No. 636 to Tree No. 653 = 17 Nos. 11. Tree No. 655 to Tree No. 673 = 19 Nos. 12. Tree No. 687 to Tree No. 697 = 11 Nos 13. Tree No. 710 to Tree No. 723 = 14 Nos. 14. Tree No. 760 to Tree No. 777 = 18 Nos. 15. Tree Nos. 280, 283, 289. 292, 293, 295, 297, 298, 300, 302, 306, 341, 342, 346. 347, 439, 440, 488, 489, 491, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 503, 504, 505, 569, 570, 571, 572, 574, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 589, 590, 591, 592, 596, 676, 679, 680, 881, 682, 683, 684, 685, 699, 700, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 734, 744, 745, 746 = 67 Nos Subtotal (a) = 398 Nos (All enumerated)
2.	Construction of Viaduct for elevated alignment for Roads, Drains and for Boundary Wall	CQAE – Location 2 RR Nagar Zone	Tree Nos. 1003, 1004, 1005, 1006, 1008, 1009, 1010, 1011, 1012, 1013, 1014, 1016, 1017, 1018, 1019, 1020, 1021, 1022, 1025, 1026, 1027, 1028, 1029, 1031, 1032, 1033, 1035, 1036, 1037, 1038, 1041, 1043, 1044, 1045, 1046, 1047, 1048, 1049, 1050, 1052, 1053 & 1054 = 42 Nos Subtotal (b) = 42 Nos (All enumerated)
	Tota [Sub total (a		440 trees

Since these 440 trees are standing right in the construction zone and hindering the project activities, their removal becomes inevitable.

The next option considered by the TEC in case of those trees which could not be retained-onsite was translocation.

Having concluded that the retention of the above mentioned 440 trees is not possible, the TEC chose the next option of translocation of trees and assessed the suitability of each of these trees. In doing so, the TEC considered the following conditions, in addition to verification of the tree health / tree defects, etc..

- Proximity of tree to building structures, trunks proximity to the cement / concrete or tarred surface so as to examine the feasibility of extraction of root-ball of appropriate size;
- The natural characteristics and aspects of species viz., ecologically and economically important species; species that could provide food (nectar, pollen, seeds and fruits) and nesting sources (materials and site) to various fauna.
- iii. The trees having below mentioned characteristics do not qualify for translocation.

Trees having multi-forked trunk, major wounds on the trunk, debarking, physical damage on the bark, scar due to fire, damage (girdling), rotting due to fungal infection (fruiting bodies of fungus, rotten core, hollowness) or pest infestation (presence of holes and frass as evidence of insect infestation), and dead / dried major branches, etc..

The dense stand of the trees has impacted the ground protection zone around the trees as it has been compromised by presence of adjacent trees. Hence the translocation process of the trees is not possible as the roots will be prone to damage/decay during excavation of root ball of appropriate size and its subsequent relocation.

Taking into consideration the above mentioned assessment attributes, the TEC found that no trees at the said area (two locations) are suitable for translocation.

Ultimately, the 440 number of trees which were not found to be suitable either for retention onsite or for translocation, will have to be removed/felled for the implementation of the BSRP Project.

The TEC carried out a thorough and multipronged scrutiny of all the 440 trees to make its recommendations regarding:

- Trees which could be saved by retaining on-site as it is;
- Trees which should be translocated depending upon their general condition as assessed and ecological importance, in the event of (a) above not being possible;

c) Trees recommended for removal in the event of (a) and (b) not being possible including the trees which are silviculturally matured, softwood trees and trees suffering from defects /damages.

#### ORDER

Under the circumstances explained above and in exercise of the powers vested with the undersigned as per Section 8 (3) of Karnataka Preservation of Trees Act, 1976 and based on the guidelines and decisions taken as per the Field Inspection and TEC Report for retention-on-site, translocation, and removal of trees which are standing at two locations within the premises of CQAE Defence Land (Navy), Jalahalli, Bengaluru of the Project area extending from Chikkabanavara Railway Station to Benniganahalli Railway Station, the below mentioned schedule is approved subject to the conditions mentioned thereon. This Order will come into effect after fifteen (15) days from the date of uploading of the order on the Official website of BBMP and for that purpose separate directions will be issued from this Office.

#### SCHEDULE

The Four Hundred and Forty (440) trees which are listed with remarks, enclosed to this Official Memorandum as Annexure can be removed. Hence permission is accorded for removal of these said 440 trees only as per the felling of trees norms adopted by Karnataka Forest Department (KFD).

### **Conditions**

The Conditions are stated in the earlier OM dtd 29.05.2024 of this Office will continue and be applicable for this Official Memorandum too.

Tree Officer and

Deputy Conservator of Forests Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike, Bengaluru

### Copy to:

- The Chairman, Tree Authority and Chief Conservator of Forests, Bangalore Circle, Bangalore for kind information
- The Member Secretary Tree Expect Committee, and the Assistant Conservator of Forests, BBMP for information and further action.
- 3. The Assistant Conservator of Forests, BBMP for information and further action
- 4. The Range Forest Officers/Deputy Range Forest Officers for information and further action
- Office Copy

#### Field Observation:

The said 440 trees pertaining to KRIDE BSRP Corridor 02 Project are standing at the premises of CQAE Defence Land (Navy), Jalahalli, Bengaluru. The area is densely populated with trees. It appears that number of saplings have been planted in the past at close spacing with a mixture of species both exotic and native. Consequently the fast growing tree species have suppressed the growth of slow growing and other species because of the root competition and canopy overlapping. Some saplings were also planted beneath the canopy of the already existing bigger trees. Therefore the growth for such, young saplings/sub-adults has been adversely affected by the shade of the existing bigger trees. This method of raising plantation in the past has caused trees developing forked stems formation with weak branch union and stunted growth eg. Species like Tectona grandis have been completely stressed and growth retardation has resulted in production of multiple side branches. Further the dense stand of the trees has impacted the ground protection zone around the trees as it has been compromised by presence of adjacent trees. Hence the translocation process of the trees is not possible as the roots will be prone to damage/decay during excavation of rootball of appropriate size and its subsequent relocation.

The above status of the trees and site conditions were thoroughly deliberated even after the earlier assessment of trees which was done during March 2024 and accordingly decision was taken as mentioned in the detailed TEC Report prepared and forwarded to the Tree Officer/DCF, BBMP during May 2024 and on the basis of that TEC Report, OM dtd. 29.05.2024 was issued by the Tree Officer/DCF, BBMP.

As per the daily Orders dtd 27.09.2024, the Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka has directed as follows:

- ".......In the aforesaid view, the following Order is passed.
  - i. The Tree Committee shall re-visit each of the above trees mentioned at Sl. Nos. 110 to 507 as well as Sl. Nos. 605 to 646 in the Office Memorandum dated 29.05.2024 and re-examine the feasibility and permissibility for felling the said trees.
- ii. After undertaking the inspection and examination as above, separate orders shall be passed with reasoned recommendation as may be thought fit by the Advisory Committee.
- iii. The exercise shall be completed within a period of three weeks looking to the total extent of the area.
- iv. A fresh Order shall be passed by the Tree Officer based on the recommendation's of the Tree Committee.

Subsequently in obedience to the Orders dtd. 27.09.2024 of the Hon'ble High Court of Karnataka in WP 17841/2018, the TEC revisited the said locations of the Project Area for re-assessment of 440 trees. After following all the procedures and methodology as expressed in the MOP, the TEC Report is prepared now (during October 2024), and the remarks of the TEC pertaining to reassessment of each and every tree (total 440 trees) are as follows:

# LIST OF TREES FOR FELLING

New Sl. No.	Old Sl. No.	Tree No.	Tree Name / Species	Girth (in Mtr)	Height (in Mtr)	Remarks
1.	110	280	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.93	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
2.	111	283	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.74	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
3.	112	289	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.84	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
4.	113	292	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.44	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The growth of tree is stunted, with partial defoliation of canopy. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.

5.	114	293	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.55	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
6.	115	295	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.79	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
7.	116	297	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.72	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
8.	117	300	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.65	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.

9.	118	302	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.90	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
10.	119	306	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.35	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
11.	120	311	Hunase (Tamarindus indica)	0.93	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (tree no. 312), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the girth (which is higher, and not feasible for excavation of proportionate root ball), the tree is recommended for felling.
12.	121	312	Eechalu	1.22	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (tree no. 311), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the girth (which is higher, and not feasible for excavation of proportionate root ball), the tree is recommended for felling.
13.	122	313	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.38	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during

						excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
14.	123	314	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.92	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
15.	124	315	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.73	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (tree no. 316), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.
16.	125	316	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.70	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (tree no. 317), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.
17.	126	317	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.70	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (tree no. 316), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.

18.	127	318	Ficus benjamina	0.30	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The tree is recommended for felling.
19.	128	319	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.72	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is bent (preventing the post management care), and further, taking into consideration the species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.
20.	129	320	Subabul ( <i>Leucaena</i> leucocephala)	0.40	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is bent (preventing the post management care), and further, taking into consideration the species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.
21.	130	321	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.50	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is decayed, and further, taking into consideration the species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.
22.	131	322	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.50	3.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
23.	132	323	Baage	0.78	2.50	The tree is dried, and is recommended for felling.
24.	133	324	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.58	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is bent (preventing the post management care), and forked (probabilities of weak branch union). Taking into consideration the tree
		A		0.44		condition, species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.
25.	134	325	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.70	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during

						excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
26.	135	326	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.75	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
27.	136	327	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.53	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is forked (probabilities of weak branch union), and protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed
		A		0.28		roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi Corticium salmonicolor (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
						The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation
28.	137	328	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	1.20	3.00	process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), girth (less feasibility for excavation of proportionate root ball), the tree is recommended for felling.

29.	138	329 A	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.48	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is bent (preventing the post management care), and forked (probabilities of weak branch union). Taking into consideration the tree condition, species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.
30.	139	330	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.60	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is bent (preventing the post management care), and taking into consideration the species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.
31.	140	331 A B C D	Ficus benjamina	0.48 0.40 0.57 0.30 0.30 0.30	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is multi-forked (probabilities of weak branch union). Taking into consideration the site / tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
32.	141	332	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.62	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (tree no. 333), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.
33.	142	333 A B	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.56 0.35 0.47	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is multi-forked (with weak branch union), and the protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (tree no. 332), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.
34.	143	334	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.63	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.

35.	144	335 A B C D	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.63 0.58 0.53 0.49 0.38	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is multi-forked (with weak branch union), and the protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native tropical America), the tree is recommended for felling.
36.	145	336	Spathodea - campanulata	0.55	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is forked (with weak branch union), and the protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation
: I	A	A		0.50		process. Taking into consideration the site / tree conditions, the tree is recommended for felling.
		337		0.70		The tree is standing within the project area
		A		0.50		proposed for viaduct. The tree is multi-forked
		В		0.51		(with weak branch union), and the protection
		С		0.44		zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent
37.	146	D	Peltophorum sp.	0.48	2.50	trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the site / tree conditions, the tree is recommended for felling.
38.	147	338	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.30	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The tree is recommended for felling.
						The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during
39.	148	341	Shivanae (Gmelina arborea)	0.80	2.00	excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the girth (which is higher, and not feasible for excavation of proportionate root ball), the tree is recommended for felling.

40.	149	342 A	Paper Mulberry (Broussonetia papyrifera)	0.55	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status / structure (forked with weak branch union), the tree is recommended for felling.
41.	150	346	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.77	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
42.		347	Solekaai	0.31	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into
	ľ	A		0.26		consideration the growth status / structure (forked with weak branch union), the tree is recommended for felling.
		349	Shivanae (Gmelina	0.85	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status / structure (forked with weak branch union), the tree is recommended for felling.
43.	152	52 A	arborea)	0.83		
44.	153	350	Paper Mulberry (Broussonetia papyrifera)	0.40	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status / structure (wood with a density of 506 kg/m³,

		351		0.50		considered a light wood that is soft and brittle), the tree is recommended for felling.  The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of
45.	154	A	Paper Mulberry (Broussonetia papyrifera)	0.45	2.00	the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status / structure (wood with a density of 506 kg/m³, considered a light wood that is soft and brittle), and forked, the tree is recommended for felling.
46.	155	352 A B	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.66 0.60 0.35	2.00	The tree is dried, and recommended for felling.
47.	156	353	Paper Mulberry (Broussonetia papyrifera)	0.46	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status / structure (wood with a density of 506 kg/m³, considered a light wood that is soft and brittle), the tree is recommended for felling.
48.	157	Paper Mulberry (Browspartia	Paper Mulberry (Broussonetia	0.40	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status / structure
		A	papyrifera)	0.23		(wood with a density of 506 kg/m <sup>3</sup> , considered a light wood that is soft and brittle), and forked, the tree is recommended for felling.
49.	158	355	Paper Mulberry (Broussonetia papyrifera)	0.44	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status / structure (wood with a density of 506 kg/m³, considered a light wood that is soft and brittle), the tree is recommended for felling.

50.	159	356	Paper Mulberry (Broussonetia papyrifera)	0.48	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status / structure (wood with a density of 506 kg/m³, considered a light wood that is soft and brittle), the tree is recommended for felling.
51.	160	357	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.55	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, in a low lying land (prone for water blisters). In addition, the tree is hardwood/ forked (with
		Α		0.43		weak branch union), and recommended for felling.
52.	161	358	Teak (Tectona	0.50	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, in a low lying land (prone for water blisters). In
		A	grandis)	0.44		addition, the tree is forked (with weak branch union), and recommended for felling.
53.	162	359	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.75	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, in a low lying land. Teak trees standing in such areas are prone for water blisters), and internal decay. The tree is recommended for felling.
54.	163	360	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.52	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (small Paper Mulberry tree), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
55.	164	361	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.44	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree canopy is severely over grown by climbers, thereby affecting the healthy growth of the tree. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
56.	165	362	Paper Mulberry (Broussonetia papyrifera)	0.57	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status / structure (wood with a density of 506 kg/m³, considered a light wood that is soft and brittle), the tree is recommended for felling.

57.	166	363	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.55	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The tree is forked (with accumulation of barks prone for infection by
		A		0.40		decay fungi), and recommended for felling.
58.	167	364	Shivanae (Gmelina arborea)	0.73	2.00	The tree is matured, and standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited), the tree is recommended for felling.
		365		0.52		The tree is standing within the project area,
		A	Honge (Pongamia	0.45	-	proposed for viaduct. The tree is multi-forked
59.	168	В	pinnata)	0.36	1.50	(with accumulation of barks prone for infection by decay fungi), and recommended for felling.
60.	169	366	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.63	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The tree is recommended for felling.
61.	170	367	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.91	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited), the tree is recommended for felling.
62.	171	368	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.50	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The tree is forked (with accumulation of barks prone for infection by
		A		0.42		decay fungi), and recommended for felling.
63.	172	370	Arali	1.88	3.00	The tree is matured, and standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited), the tree is recommended for felling.
64.	173	371	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.45	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The canopy of the tree is partially dried, as infringed by adjacent tree canopies. In consideration to the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
65.	174	372	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.43	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (tree no. 373), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.

66.	175	373	Gulmohar (Delonix regia)	0.63	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (tree no. 372), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
67.	176	374	Parkia	0.42	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The tree is forked (with accumulation of barks prone for infection by
		A		0.26		decay fungi), and recommended for felling.
68.	177	375 A B	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.32/ 0.25/ 0.20	2.50	The tree is multi-forked, and standing (close to tree no. 376) within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
69.	178	376	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.30	1.50	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 375) within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
70.	179	377	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.25	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The tree is forked (with accumulation of barks prone for infection by decay fungi), and recommended for felling.
71.	180	A 378	Dead Tree	0.20		The tree is dead (categorised under felling).
72.	181	379	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.72	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The base of the tree is with injury compartmentalised, which is prone to aggravate the transplant shock. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
73.	182	380	Dead Tree	-		The tree is dead (categorised under felling).
74.	183	381	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.40	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The tree is recommended for felling.

75.	184	382	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.74	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
76.	185	383	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.66	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for boundary wall area. The tree is with many short holes, indicating insect pest infestation. Taking into consideration the tree condition, and girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
77.	186	384	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.73	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for road. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
78.	187	385	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.47	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The tree is recommended for felling.
79.	188	386	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.52	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for boundary wall. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
80.	189	387 A	Peltophorum sp.	0.91	2.50	The tree is standing, within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The tree is forked (with accumulation of barks prone for infection by decay fungi), and recommended for felling.
81.	190	388	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.64	2.50	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 389), within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The tree is forked (with accumulation of
		A		0.55		barks prone for infection by decay fungi), and recommended for felling.
82.	191	389	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.30	2.00	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 388) within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into

		l				consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
83.	192	390	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.66	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
84.	193	392	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.42	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
85.	194	393 A	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.44/ 0.25	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The tree is forked (with accumulation of barks prone for infection by decay fungi), and recommended for felling.
86.	195	394	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.31	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The base of the tree is with injury compartmentalised, which is prone to aggravate the transplant shock. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
87,	196	395	Hebbevu ( <i>Melia</i> dubia)	2.00	2.50	The tree is matured, and standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited), the tree is recommended for felling.
88.	197	396 A B	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.35/ 0.24/ 0.23	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The tree is multi-forked (with accumulation of barks prone for infection by decay fungi), and recommended for felling.
89.	198	397 A	Peltophorum sp.	0.33	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The tree is forked (with accumulation of barks prone for infection by decay fungi), and recommended for felling.
90.	199	398	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.65	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable

						size – above 50 c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
91.	200	399	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.40	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree canopy is severely over grown by climbers, thereby affecting the healthy growth of the tree. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
92.	201	400	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.34	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The tree is recommended for felling.
93.	202	401	Eechalu	1.12	3.00	The tree is matured, and standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited), the tree is recommended for felling.
94.	203	402	Peltophorum sp.	0.44	3.00	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 403) within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
95.	204	403	Peltophorum sp.	0.25	3.50	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 404) within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
						The tree is standing (close to tree no. 403) within the project area proposed for viaduct.
96.	205	404	Peltophorum sp.	0.40	3.00	The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
97.	206	405	Charcoal	0.52	3.00	The tree is dried (snag standing in proposed area for road), and hence recommended for felling.
98.	207	406	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.60	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for road. The protection zone of the

						tree is compromised by adjacent trees (standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
99.	208	407	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.36	1.50	The tree is dried, standing within the project area proposed for road. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), and partially dried, the tree is recommended for felling.
		408 A	1	0.68		The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees
100.	209		Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.52	3.00	(standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status
		В		0.44	1	(wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m <sup>3</sup> ), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), and multi-forked, the tree is recommended for felling.
101.	210	409	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.37	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees (standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the
						ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
102.	211	410	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.50	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees (standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status

		A		0.34		(wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m <sup>3</sup> ), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), and forked, the tree is recommended for felling.
103.	212	411	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.52	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees (standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
104.	213	412	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.99	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees (standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
105.	214	413	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.62	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees (standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
106.	215	414	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.52	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees (standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned,

107.	216	415	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.62	3.00	indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling. The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees (standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
108.	217	416	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.28	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees (standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
109.	218	417	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.72	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees (standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
110.	219	418	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.86	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees (standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.

111. 220	419	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.34	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees (standing in clusters), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status	
		A		0.26		(wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m <sup>3</sup> ), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), and forked, the tree is recommended for felling.
112.	221	420	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.32	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The tree is recommended for felling.
		421	Honge (Pongamia	0.53		The tree is forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area proposed
113.	222	A	pinnata)	0.49	2.50	for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
	222	422	Honge (Pongamia	0.85	2.50	The tree is forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area proposed
114.	114. 223 –	A	pinnata)	0.50	2.50	for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
115.	224	423	Ala	9.10	1.50	The tree is matured, and standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited), the tree is recommended for felling.
116.	225	424	Gulmohar (Delonix regia)	1.85	2.00	The tree was fallen (categorised under felling / felled).
117.	226	425	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.53	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
118.	227	426	Jungle	0.83	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is severely accumulated with barks at the union of the branches. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
119.	228	427	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.43	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The canopy of the tree

						is partially dried. In consideration to the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
120.	229	428	Mahogany (Swetenia mahogani)	0.75	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The root flares are diversely spread across at the surface level, limiting the excavation of applicable root ball. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
121.	230	429	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.34	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The base of the tree is with injury compartmentalised, which is prone to aggravate the transplant shock. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
122.	122. 231	430 A	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.72	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into
				0.63		consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), and forked, the tree is recommended for felling.
123.	232	431	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.32	2.00	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 432) within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
124.	233	432	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.38	3.00	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 43 within the project area proposed for viadu. The protection zone of the tree compromised by adjacent tree, thereby profor root damage / decay during excavation root ball / the relocation process. Taking in consideration the tree / site condition, the tris recommended for felling.

125.	234	433 A B C	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	1.55 1.30 0.86 0.74	3.00	The tree is matured, multi-forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
126.	235	434	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.82	2.00	The tree is fallen (categorised under felling / felled).
127.	236	435	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.40	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The bark of the tree is severely distorted (damage, probably due to over moisture). Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
128.	237	436	Paper Mulberry (Broussonetia papyrifera)	0.76	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status / structure (wood with a density of 506 kg/m3, considered a light wood that is soft and brittle), the tree is recommended for felling.
129.	238	437	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.34	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The tree is recommended for felling.
130.	239	439	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.46	2.00	The tree is forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree
		A	piniaia)	0.35		condition, the tree is recommended for felling
131.	240	440	Baage	0.36	1.50	The tree is partially dried, and standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
132.	241	442	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.25	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (near tree no. 443), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
133.	242	443 A	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.25/ 0.21/	2.00	The tree is multi-forked, and standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The

		В		0.18		protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (near tree no. 442), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
		444	Sandalwood	0.28		The tree is forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (near tree no.
134.	243	A	(Santalum album)	0.25	2.50	443), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
135.	244	445	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.55	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for boundary wall. The tree canopy is severely over grown by climbers, thereby affecting the healthy growth of the tree. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
136.	245	446	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.26	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (near tree no. 447), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
137.	246	447	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.55	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (near tree no. 446), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³),
1		1				and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
		448	Subabul ( <i>Leucaena</i>	0.55		The tree is standing (close to tree no. 449) within the project area proposed for viaduct.  The protection zone of the tree is
138.	88. 247 A	Α	leucocephala)	0.55	3.00	compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in

		В	1	0.50		addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m <sup>3</sup> ), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), and multi-forked, the tree is recommended for felling.
139.	248	449	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.45	3.00	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 448) within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
		450	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.60	3.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during
140.	249	A		0.48		excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), and multi-forked, the tree is recommended for felling.  The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation
		В		0.44		
141	250	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  A	Subabul ( <i>Leucaena</i>	0.68	2.00	
141.	250		0.60	3.00	process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.	
		452		0.42		The tree is multi-forked (with weak branch
142	251	A	Honge (Pongamia	0.40	1.50	union), and standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
142.	251	В	pinnata)	0.38		
143.	252	453 A	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.37	1.50	The tree is fallen (categorised under felling / felled).
144.	253	454	Subabul (Leucuenu leucocephala)	0.48	3.00	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 455) within the project area proposed for viaduct.  The protection zone of the tree is

						compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
145.	254	455	Gond mara	0.55	3.00	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 454) within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
		456		0.58		The tree is multi-forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area,
146.	255	A	Gond mara	0.42	3.00	proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is
		В	·	0.37		recommended for felling.
147	256	457	Paper Mulberry	0.60	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into
147.	256	A	(Broussonetia papyrifera)	0.50	3.00	consideration the growth status / structure (wood with a density of 506 kg/m3, considered a light wood that is soft and brittle), and forked, the tree is recommended for felling.
						The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation
148.	257	458	Subabul (Leuceana leucocephala)	0.57	3.00	process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
149.	258	459	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.52	2.00	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 460) within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of

						relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
150.	259	460	Baage	1.18	3.00	The tree is matured, and standing (close to tree no. 459) within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
151.	260	461	Nanivi mara	0.93	2.00	The tree is matured, and standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited), the tree is recommended for felling.
152.	261	462	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.69	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
153.	262	463	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.80	2.50	The tree is forked (weak branch union), and standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is
,		A	0	0.30		considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
154.	263	464	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.50	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
155.	264	465	Dead	-	-	The tree is dried (categorised under felling).
		466		0.30		The tree is forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area,
156.	265	5 A	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.26	2.50	proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
157.	266	467 A B C D E	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.26/ 0.20/ 0.19/ 0.17/ 0.16/ 0.16	3.00	The tree is multi-forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.

1	ľ	i.			-	The tree is multi-forked (with weak branch
158.		468		0.74		union), and standing within the project area,
	267		Charcoal tree		2.50	proposed for viaduct. Taking into
	207	Α	Charcoal tree	0.48	2.50	consideration the tree condition, the tree is
		В		0.42		recommended for felling.
				-		The tree is forked (with weak branch union),
		469		0.52		and standing (close to tree no. 468) within the
					-	project area, proposed for boundary wall.
150	268		Teak (Tectona		2.00	Taking into consideration the tree girth
159.	208		grandis)		2.00	(higher, and making the feasibility of
		A		0.38		relocation limited, and otherwise also it is
	ı					considered as merchantable size - above
						50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
		470		0.42		The tree is forked (with weak branch union),
		470	Teak (Tectona	0.43		and standing within the project area,
160.	269		grandis)	<del>1</del>	2.50	proposed for boundary wall. Taking into
		A	,	0.14		consideration the tree condition, the tree is
		1.00 miles		11		recommended for felling.
			Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.58	2.50	The tree is forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area,
		471				proposed for viaduct. Taking into
	270					consideration the tree girth (higher, and
161.						making the feasibility of relocation limited,
		A				and otherwise also it is considered as
				0.55		merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is
						recommended for felling.
	271	472		0.65		The tree is forked (with weak branch union),
						and standing within the project area,
			Teak (Tectona			proposed for viaduct. Taking into
162.					2.00	consideration the tree girth (higher, and
102.	2/1	A	grandis)	0.57	2.00	making the feasibility of relocation limited,
		-		0.57		and otherwise also it is considered as
			-	0.55	-	merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is
		В		0.55		recommended for felling.
						The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into
162	272	272 473	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.53	2.50	proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable
163.		4/3			2.30	size – above 50c.m.), the tree is
					Į.	recommended for felling.
				J		The tree is forked (with weak branch union),
		474	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.59		and standing within the project area,
				0.39		proposed for viaduct. Taking into
164.	273				2.50	consideration the tree girth (merchantable
		A		0.32		size - above 50c.m.), the tree is
						recommended for felling.
		i				The tree is matured, and standing within the
165.	274	475	Baage	1.43	2.00	project area proposed for viaduct. The
						protection zone of the tree is compromised by

						adjacent tree (base is conjoined with tree no. 476), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
166.	275	476	Parkia	0.68	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (base is conjoined with tree no. 475), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
167.	276	477	Tecoma sp.	0.82	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is decayed, and recommended for felling.
168.	277	478	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.35	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Further, in addition taking into consideration the growth status (wood with a density of 508 to 568 kg/m³), and structure (most of the trees are leaned, indicating the poor anchorage of roots to the ground), the tree is recommended for felling.
169.	278	479	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.52	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
170.	279	480	Kadamba	0.60	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The tree is with knot symptoms (prone for decay), and recommended for felling.
171.	280	481	Baage	1.12	2.00	The tree is matured, and standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited), the tree is recommended for felling.
172.	281	482	Silver oak (Grevillea robusta)	0.70	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for boundary wall. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation

					1	process. The stressed / decayed roots act as a predisposing factor for the fungi <i>Corticium salmonicolor</i> (causal agent of dieback disease). Further, in addition taking into consideration the species (native to Australia), the tree is recommended for felling.
173.	282	483	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.50	2.50	The tree is forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area, proposed for road. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable size – above
		Α		0.45		50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
174.	283	484	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.74	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for road. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
175.	284	485	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.62	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for road. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable size — above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
176.	285	486	Subabul (Leuceana leucocephala)	0.60	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for road. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (base is conjoined with tree no. 486A), thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of
		A (486/1)	Mahogany (Swetenia mahogani)	0.30	3.00	root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
177.	286	488	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.59	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for road. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
178.	287	489	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.70	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for road. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
179.	288	491	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.69	1.50	The tree is forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited,
		A		0.38		and otherwise also it is considered as

						merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
		494		0.40		The tree is forked (with weak branch union),
180.	180. 289	A	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.35	1.50	and standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable
		В	- granais)	0.28		size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
		495		0.50		The tree is forked (with weak branch union),
181.	290	A	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.45	2.00	and standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
182.	291	496	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.80	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
183.	292	497	Neem (Azadirachta indica)	0.49	2.50	The tree is forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree disease episodes (i.e., Neem dieback caused by <i>Phomopsis</i>
		A		0.35		azadirachtae), the tree is recommended for felling.
184.	293	498	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.55	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
185.	294	499	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.68	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
186.	295	500	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.80	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.

187.	296	501	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.80	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
	11	503	Subabul (Leuceana leucocephala)	0.60	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree (base is conjoined with tree no. 503A),
188.	297	A (503/1)	Paper Mulberry (Broussonetia papyrifera)	0.50	2.50	thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the tree / site condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
189.	298	504	4 Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.75	3.00	The tree is forked, and standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as
		A		0.52		merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
190.	299	505	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.82	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
191.	300	508	Baage	0.99	3.00	The tree is forked (with weak branch union), and standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and
		A		0.86		making the feasibility of relocation limited), the tree is recommended for felling.
						The tree is standing within the project area,
192.	301	509	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.50	2.50	proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
193.	302	510	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.78	3.00	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (higher, and making the feasibility of relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.

194.	303	511	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.72	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. The tree is recommended for felling.
195.	304	512	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.60	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree girth (merchantable size – above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
196.	305	513	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.35	2.00	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 514) within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the site / tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
197.	306	514	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.26	2.50	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 513) within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the site / tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
198.	307	515	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.24	2.00	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 516) within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the site / tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
		516	Teak (Tectona	0.80		The tree is forked, and standing (close to tree no. 517) within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Taking into consideration the tree
199.	308	A	grandis)	0.31	2.00	girth (higher, and making the feasibility or relocation limited, and otherwise also it is considered as merchantable size — above 50c.m.), the tree is recommended for felling.
200.	309	517	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.41	1.50	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 518) within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into

		P		1		consideration the site / tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
201.	310	518	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.28	1.50	The tree is standing (close to tree no. 517) within the project area, proposed for viaduct. The protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent tree, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process. Taking into consideration the site / tree condition, the tree is recommended for felling.
202.	311.	519	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.19	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth. The species is basically a semi-parasite which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the Forest rules.
	212	520	Nelli (Emblica offficinalis)	0.35	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, proposed for viaduct. Forked & bended tree, not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised
203.	312.	A		0.31		by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree recommended for felling.
204.	313.	521	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.67	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, forked, hard wood tree not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
		A		0.25		prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
205.	314.	522 A B	Nalli (Emblica officinalis)	0.85 0.44 0.48	1.50 2.50 2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, multi-forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
206.	315.	523	Shivane (Gmelina arborea)	0.66	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area, hardwood in nature and bark is damaged, not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent

P	P		79			t 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
						trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay
			1			during excavation of root ball / the relocation
		<u>i. ji</u>	-			process), recommended for felling.
		1.				The tree is standing within the project area,
						hard wood tree and not suitable for
			Teak (Tectona			transplantation (protection zone of the tree is
207.	316.	524	grandis)	0.84	2.50	compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
	P		granais)			prone for root damage / decay during
						excavation of root ball / the relocation
	1					process), hence recommended for felling.
	li .		Chinana (Carolina			The tree is standing within the project area,
208.	317.	525	Shivane (Gmelina	0.39	2.50	few branches have dried not in healthy
			arborea)	1		condition, recommended for felling.
						The tree is standing within the project area,
						forked hard wood tree not suitable for
						transplantation (protection zone of the tree is
209.	318.	526	Neam (Azadiractha	0.30	1.50	compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
			indica)			prone for root damage / decay during
						excavation of root ball / the relocation
						process), recommended for felling.
						The tree is standing within the project area,
210.	319.	527	Nelli (Emblica	0.39	3.00	forked hard wood tree and bended,
210.	319.	A	- officinalis)	0.44	3.00	recommended for felling.
		A		0.44		The tree is standing within the project area,
211	320.	528	Nelli (Emblica	0.43	3.00	hard wood tree and not suitable for
211.		326	officinalis)	0.43		transplantation, recommended for felling.
						The tree is standing within the project area,
						forked tree and one branch is decayed
		529		0.37		not suitable for transplantation (protection
212	221		Teak (Tectona		1.50	
212.	321.		grandis)		1.50	zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent
		A		0.39		trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay
		11		0.07		during excavation of root ball / the relocation
				0.54		process), recommended for felling.
		530	Teak (Tectona	0.54		The tree is standing within the project area,
213.	322.	A	grandis)	0.28	2.00	forked and bended recommended for felling.
-						
214.	323.	531	Teak (Tectona	0.46	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area,
211.	525.	A	grandis)	0.30		forked and bended, recommended for felling.
					,	The tree is standing within the project area,
						exotic tree with deep root system not
			Silver oak			suitable for transplantation (protection zone
215.	324.	532	(Grevillea robusta)	0.42	2.00	of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees,
			(Grevilled roousid)			thereby prone for root damage / decay during
						excavation of root ball / .the relocation
						process), recommended for felling.
216	225	522	Teak (Tectona	0.22	2.00	The tree is standing within the project area,
216.	325.	533	grandis)	0.32	3.00	stunted growth, recommended for felling.
		2	/	-	1	

217.	326.	534	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.93	2.50	Forked tree, standing within the proposed project area, exotic invasive tree, partially bended and not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is
2.77		A		0.48	2.00	compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
218.	327.	535	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.48	2.50	The tree is standing within the project area, bark damaged and infested with fungus, recommended for felling.
219.	328.	536	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.42	1.50	The tree is standing within the project area, bark damaged and infested with fungus, recommended for felling.
220.	329.	537	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)		-	Tree is standing in the project area, found dead and fallen, recommended for Felling.
		538		0.49	2.00	
		A		0.48	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area,
221.	330.	В	Tabebuia rosea	0.48	2.00	multiforked and bended, recommended for
		С		0.49	2.00	felling.
		D		0.30	2.00	
222.	331.	539	Tabebuia rosea	0.29	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, bark is damaged and infected with fungus, recommended for felling.
		540	Took (Taatona	0.35		Tree is standing in the project area,
223.	332.	A	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.32	2.50	forked and bended, recommended for felling.
224.	333.	541	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.52	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, branches were dried due to close planting and canopy overlapping, recommended for felling.
225.	334.	542	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.65	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, branches were dried due to close planting and canopy overlapping, recommended for felling.
		543		0.38		
225	22.5	A	Honge (Pongamia	0.32		Tree is standing in the project area,
226.	335.	В	pinnata)	0.31	1.50	multi-forked and bended, recommended
		С		0.32		for felling.
227.	336.	544	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.61	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, tree is stunted growth due to close planting and canopy overlapping, recommended for felling.
228.	337.	545	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.51	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, tree is stunted growth due to close planting

				Ÿ		and canopy overlapping, recommended for felling.
229.	338.	546	Nerale (Syzygium cumini)	0.88	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, hard wood in nature, not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
		547	Honge (Pongamia	0.60	1	Tree is standing in the project area,
230.	339.	A	pinnata)	0.35	1.50	forked and bended, recommended for felling.
231.	340.	548	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.40	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive bended tree, recommended for felling.
232.	341.	549 A B C	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.39 0.33 0.34 0.30	2.50 2.50 2.50 2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, multi-forked bended, recommended for felling.
233.	342.	550 A B C	Peltophorum	0.58 0.51 0.50 0.25	2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, multi-forked bended, recommended for felling.
234.	343.	552	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.34	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, hard wood in nature, standing close to tree no 342, hence not possible for root ball, hence recommended for felling.
235.	344.	553 A B	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.25 0.20 0.25	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, multi-forked and bended, recommended for felling.
		554	Teak (Tectona	0.28		Tree is standing in the project area,
236.	345.	A	grandis)	0.26	1.50	forked and stunted growth, recommended for felling.
237.	346.	555	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.25	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth, recommended for felling.
		556		0.67	,	Tree is standing in the project area,
238.	347.	A	Cassia sp.	0.68	3.00	forked and bended recommended for felling.
		557	- Teak (Tectona	0.22		Tree is standing in the project area,
239.	348.	A	grandis)	0.20	1.50	forked and stunted growth, recommended for felling.
		558	Teak (Tectona	0.53		Tree is standing in the project area,
240.	349.	A	grandis)	0.42	2.00	forked and stunted growth, recommended for felling.
241.	350.	559	Peltophorum sp.	0.54	3.00	Tree is dried standing in the proposed project area, recommended for felling.

242.	351.	560	Peltophorum sp.	0.54	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, forked and bended, recommended for
242.	331.	A	_ renophorum sp.	0.44	2.50	felling.
243.	352.	561	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.42	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth, recommended for felling.
244.	353.	562	Sandalwood	0.18	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth. The species is basically a semi-parasite which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the Forest rules.
245.	354.	563	Teak (Tectona	0.33	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, tree is forked and stunted growth,
	į	Α	grandis)	0.28		recommended for felling.
246.	355.	564	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.17	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth. The species is basically a semi-parasite which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the Forest rules.
247.	356.	565	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.20	2.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth. The species is basically a semi-parasite which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the Forest rules.
248.	357.	566	Peltophorum sp.	0.39	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, partially dried recommended for felling
249.	358.	569	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.20	1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth.

						The species is basically a semi-parasite which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the Forest rules.
250.	359.	570	Peltophorum sp.	0.35	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, bended and few branches dried, recommended for felling
251.	360.	571	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.20	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth. The species is basically a semi-parasite which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the Forest rules.
252.	361.	572	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.19	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth. The species is basically a semi-parasite which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the Forest rules.
253.	362.	574	Baage (Albizia sp)	2.10	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, silviculturally matured, not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
254.	363.	576	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.22	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth. The species is basically a semi-parasite

						which takes the balance of address to the training of the state of the
						which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the Forest rules.
255.	364.	577	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.23	1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth. The species is basically a semi-parasite which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the Forest rules.
256.	365.	578	Echalu	1.20	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, bended not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
257.	366.	579	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.23	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, hard wood species, not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
258.	367.	580	Cassia sp.	1.91	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, silvicultrally matured not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
259.	368.	581	Dead	-	-	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, found dead, recommended for felling.
260.	369.	589	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.38	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive species and bended, recommended for felling.

-		T	Subabul		1	Tree is standing in the project area,
261.	370.	590	(Leucaena	0.27	3.00	exotic invasive species and bended,
201,	,		leucocephala)	0.27	3.00	recommended for felling.
			Subabul			Tree is standing within the proposed
262.	371.	591	(Leucaena	0.24	3.00	project area; it's found dead,
202.	3/1.	391	leucocephala)	0.24	3.00	recommended for felling.
	-		теисосерпана)			
						Tree is standing in the project area, hard wood species not suitable for
		;				
2.52	2.72	500			2.00	transplantation (protection zone of the tree is
263.	372.	592	Baage (Albizia sp.)	1.21	3.00	compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
						prone for root damage / decay during
						excavation of root ball / the relocation
ļ.						process), recommended for felling.
		"				Tree is standing in the project area, hard
						wood species not suitable for
						transplantation (protection zone of the tree is
264.	373.	596	Baage (Albizia sp.)	0.32	2.00	compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
						prone for root damage / decay during
						excavation of root ball / the relocation
l.						process), recommended for felling.
***						Tree is standing within the proposed
						project area, bended with stunted growth.
		599		0.20	2.50	The species is basically a semi-parasite
		399		0.20	2.30	which takes the help of adjacent trees in
						the region for its growth and further in
			Sandalwood			consideration to tree/site condition
265.	374.		(Santalum album)			(protection zone of the tree is compromised
			(Santaium aioum)			by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root
		A		0.16	2.50	damage / decay during excavation of root
						ball / the relocation process), the tree is
						recommended for felling as per the
				1		Forest rules.
						Tree is standing within the proposed
						project area, bended with stunted growth.
						The species is basically a semi-parasite
						which takes the help of adjacent trees in
						the region for its growth and further in
266.	375.	600	Sandalwood	0.20	2.50	consideration to tree/site condition
200.	375.	000	(Santalum album)	0.20	2.50	(protection zone of the tree is compromised
						by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root
						damage / decay during excavation of root
						ball / the relocation process), the tree is
						recommended for felling as per the
						Forest rules.
						Tree is standing in the project area, hard
						wood species not suitable for
267.	376.	601	Baage (Albizia sp.)	1.23	2.50	transplantation (protection zone of the tree is
						compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
		l		J		compromised by adjacent trees, thereby

	-					C
						prone for root damage / decay during
						excavation of root ball / the relocation
						process), recommended for felling.
						Tree is standing in the project area,
						silvicultrally matured tree spreading with
						the support of prop root system, not
268.	377.	602	Ala (Ficus	10.00	2.50	suitable for transplantation (protection zone
200.	311.	002	benghalensis)	10.00	2.50	of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees,
						thereby prone for root damage / decay during
					ı	excavation of root ball / the relocation
						process), recommended for felling.
					ı	Tree is standing in the project area, bark
						is damaged not suitable for
					I	transplantation (protection zone of the tree is
269.	378.	603	Cassia sp.	0.98	2.50	compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
209.	3/6.	003	Cassia sp.	.0.76	2.50	
						prone for root damage / decay during
				1		excavation of root ball / the relocation
						process), recommended for felling.
				I		Tree is standing in the project area, hard
						wood species not suitable for
			Bilvapatre (Aegle	ľ		transplantation (protection zone of the tree is
270.	379.	604	marmelos)	0.43	2.00	compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
			marmetos)			prone for root damage / decay during
						excavation of root ball / the relocation
						process), recommended for felling.
						Tree is standing in the project area, hard
						wood species not suitable for
						transplantation (protection zone of the tree is
271.	380.	605	Bilvapatre (Aegle	0.26	2.00	compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
2,11	500.	005	marmelos)	0.20	2.00	prone for root damage / decay during
			,			excavation of root ball / the relocation
	Ì					process), recommended for felling.
	-		<u> </u>			Tree is standing in the project area,
						matured, not suitable for transplantation
			Kadu Badami			(protection zone of the tree is compromised
272.	381.	606	(Terminalia catappa)	1.61	1.50	by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root
			(200 minutes)			damage / decay during excavation of root
	71	1				ball / the relocation process), recommended
						for felling.
						Tree is standing in the project area,
						forked and bended not suitable for
			Hanna (D			transplantation (protection zone of the tree is
273.	382.	607	Honge (Pongamia	0.43	2.00	compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
			pinnata)			prone for root damage / decay during
						excavation of root ball / the relocation
					į	process), recommended for felling.
			Jungle (Syzigium		-	Tree is standing in the project area,
274.	383.	608		0.42	3.00	stunted growth, not suitable for
			sp)			statica growin, not suitable for

275.	384.	609 A	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.68	3.00	transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process) recommended for felling.  Tree is forked standing within the proposed project area, exotic invasive species and bended, recommended for felling
276	205	610	Teak (Tectona	0.30	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, tree
276.	385.	A	grandis)	0.23	2.00	is forked and stunted growth, recommended for felling.
277.	386.	611	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.30	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
278.	387.	612	Teak (Tectona grandis)	1.08	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
279.	388.	613	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.64	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
280.	389.	614	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.49	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
281.	390.	615	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.45	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
282.	391.	616	Teak (Tectona grandis)	1.05	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for

283.	392.	617	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.83	2.50	transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.  Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
284.	393.	618	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.62	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
285.	394.	620	Jungle (Albizia sp.)	0.82	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, hard wood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
286.	395.	621	Jungle (Albizia sp.)	1.03	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, hard wood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
287.	396.	622	Echalu	1.04	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, bended not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
288.	397.	623	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.22	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, forked and stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.

289.	398.	624	Cassia sp.	0.67	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, few branches dried, not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
290.	399.	625	Cassia sp.	0.80	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, partially dried, recommended for felling.
291.	400.	626	Charcoal (Trema orientale)	0.57	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, bended not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
292.	401.	627	Cassia sp.	0.94	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, bended not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
293.	402.	628	Ucchabvehu (Melia dubia)	1.69	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, silviculturally matured not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
294.	403.	629	Ucchabvehu (Melia dubia)	1.78	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, silviculturally matured not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
295.	404.	630	Ucchabvehu (Melia dubia)	1.73	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, silviculturally matured not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling
296.	405.	631	Charcoal (Trema orientale)	0.63	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, bended not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root

		<i>K</i>		7		damage / decay during excavation of root
		ı				ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
297.	406.	632	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.23	2.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth. The species is basically a semi-parasite which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the Forest rules.
298.	407.	633	Ucchabehu	0.35	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, standing close to tree number 634, root ball is not possible, recommended for felling.
299.	408.	634	Charcoal (Trema orientale)	0.53	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, bended not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
300.	409.	636	Paper Mulberry (Broussonetia papyrifera)	0.24	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, is an exotic invasive species, root ball is not possible for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
301.	410.	637	Ucchabehu (Melia dubia)	0.90	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, bark damaged, recommended for felling.
			1			Tree is standing in the project area,
302.	411.	638	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.72	2.50	stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
303.	412.	639	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.29	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during

						excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
304.	413.	640	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.78	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
305.	414.	641	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.66	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
306.	415.	642	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.43	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
		643		1.09		Tree is standing in the project area, forked not suitable for transplantation
307.	416.	A	Elachi	0.48	2.00	(protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
308.	417.	644	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.53	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
		645		0.61	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, forked tree with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone
309.	418.	A	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.49		of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.

210	310. 419.	646	Teak (Tectona	0.30	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, forked tree with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees,
310.	419.	A	grandis)	0.32	2.50	thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
		647		0.46		Tree is standing in the project area, forked tree with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone
311.	420.	A	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.45	1.50	of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation
		В		0.44		process), recommended for felling.
		648		0.63		Tree is standing in the project area,
312.	421.	A	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.48	2.50	forked tree with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
313.	422.	649	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.46	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, forked tree with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation
		A		0.43		process), recommended for felling.
314.	423.	650 A B	Nelli (Emblica officinalis)	0.64 0.44 0.48	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, multiforked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
						Tree is standing in the project area,
315.	424.	651 A B	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.70 0.49 0.23	2.00	forked tree with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
316.	425.	652	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.78	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during

			\$1 0 0			excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
317.	426.	653	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.65	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
318.	427.	655	Peltophorum sp.	0.63	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, exotic species and bended, recommended for felling.
319.	428.	656	Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)	0.38	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, close to tree number 657 not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.
320.	429.	657	Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)	0.19	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root
			0.18		damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.	
ı		658		0.57		Tree is standing in the project area,
321.	430.	Α,	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.39	2.00	forked tree with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
322.	431.	659	Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)	0.19	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, and there is no successful evidence on translocation. Further in consideration to tree/site condition (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process). The tree is recommended for Felling.
323.	432.	660	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.61	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive species standing close to 661 not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.
324.	433.	661	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.25	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive species standing close to 662 not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.
325.	434.	662	Subabul (Leucaena	0.24	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive species standing close to

Subabul		1.0		leucocephala)			663 not possible to take root ball,
Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)				iencocepinaia)			*
Subabul   Cleucaena   leucocephala							<u> </u>
326.   435.   665   (Leucaena leucocephala)   0.20   1.50   664 not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.   1.50   664 not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.50   1.5				Subabul			
leucocephala	326.	435.	663	(Leucaena	0.20	1.50	, .
327.   436.   664   Subabul   (Leucaena leucocephala)   0.24   1.50   Tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive forked tree, recommended for felling.			ı	leucocephala)		1	
328. 437. 665    A	-	ľ		Cubabul	0.00		
328. 437. 665 Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  329. 438. 666 Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  330. 439. 667 Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  331. 440. 668 Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  332. 441. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  333. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.) 0.23 l.50 Tree is dead, and standing in the project area, and bended. The tree is recommended for felling.  334. 443. 671 Charcoal (Trema orientale)  335. 444. 672 Dead  336. 445. 673 Dead  337. 446. 676 Dead  338. 447. 679 Dead  348. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leuconephala)  348. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leuconephala)  349. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leuconephala)  340. 25 Inc. 150 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  348. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leuconephala)  350. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leuconephala)  350. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leuconephala)  360. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leuconephala)  375. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leuconephala)  386. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leuconephala)  387. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leuconephala)  388. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leuconephala)  389. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leuconephala)  380. 448. 680 Beli	227	126	664		0.23	1.50	
Subabul   Subabul   Cleucaena   leucocephala   Subabul   S	321.	430.	A		0.24	1.50	
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329.   438.   666   (Leucaena leucocephala)		ĺ		Subabul			
take root ball, recommended for felling.  Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  329. 438. 666 (Leucaena leucocephala)  Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  330. 439. 667 (Leucaena leucocephala)  331. 440. 668 (Leucaena leucocephala)  332. 441. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  333. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  334. 443. 671 Charcoal (Trema orientale)  335. 444. 672 Dead  336. 445. 673 Dead  337. 446. 676 Dead  338. 447. 679 Dead  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  340. 666 (Leucaena leucocephala)  340. 667 Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  350. 240. 2.00 with other trees, hence not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.  360. 240. 2.00 with other trees, hence not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.  360. 240. 2.00 with other trees, hence not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.  360. 241. 669 Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  370. 250. 250. 250. 250. 250. 250. 250. 25	328.	437.	665	(Leucaena	0.23	1.50	
Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)   Suba				leucocephala)			
329. 438. 666 (Leucaena leucocephala)  330. 439. 667 (Leucaena leucocephala)  331. 440. 668 (Leucaena leucocephala)  332. 441. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  333. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  334. 443. 671 Charcoal (Trema orientale)  335. 444. 672 Dead  336. 445. 673 Dead  337. 446. 676 Dead  338. 447. 679 Dead  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  349. 666 (Leucaena leucocephala)  340. 667 Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  350. 20. 200 with other trees, hence not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.  340. 200 Tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive species standing closely with other trees, hence not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.  360. 20. 200 with other trees, hence not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.  370. 200 Tree is dead, and standing in the project area, and bended. The tree is recommended for felling.  380. 200 Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  381. 200 Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  382. 443. 674 Dead  383. 445. 675 Dead  384. 445. 676 Dead  385. 446. 676 Dead  386. 447. 679 Dead  387. 448. 680 Beli jalli  388. 447. 679 Dead  389. 448. 680 Beli jalli  380. 680 Beli jalli							
330. 439. 666 (Leucaena leucocephala)  330. 439. 667 (Leucaena leucocephala)  331. 440. 668 (Leucaena leucocephala)  332. 441. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  333. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  334. 443. 671 (Charcoal (Trema orientale)  335. 444. 672 Dead  336. 445. 673 Dead  337. 446. 676 Dead  338. 447. 679 Dead  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leuconphaga)  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leuconphaga)  330. 449. 667 (Leucaena leucocephala)  330. 449. 668 (Leucaena leucocephala)  330. 449. 667 (Leucaena leucocephala)  330. 440. 668 (Leucaena leucocephala)  331. 440. 668 (Leucaena leucocephala)  332. 441. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  333. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  334. 445. 671 (Charcoal (Trema orientale))  335. 446. 676 Dead  347. 679 Dead  348. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leuconphaga)  348. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leuconphaga)  349. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leuconphaga)  340. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leuconphaga)  340. 448. 670 Dead  340. 2.00 with other trees, hence not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.  340. 2.00 tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive species standing closely with other trees, hence not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.  340. 441. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  341. 50 Tree is dead, and standing in the project area, and bended. The tree is recommended for felling.  340. 500 Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  341. 500 Tree is dead standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  342. 501 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  344. 675 Dead  345. 676 Dead  346. 676 Dead  347. 679 Dead  348. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leuconphaga)  348. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leuconphaga)  349. 502 Tree is standing in the project area, recommended for felling.  349. 502 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  503. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leuconphaga)  504. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leuconphaga)				Subabul			
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Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  330. 439. 667 (Leucaena leucocephala)  331. 440. 668 (Leucaena leucocephala)  332. 441. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  333. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  334. 443. 671 (Charcoal (Trema orientale)  335. 444. 672 Dead  336. 445. 673 Dead  337. 446. 676 Dead  338. 447. 679 Dead  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leucocephala)  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leucocephala)  330. 449. 668 (Leucaena leucocephala)  330. 449. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  331. 440. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  332. 441. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  333. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  344. 671 (Trema orientale)  345. 446. 676 Dead  346. 676 Dead  347. 679 Dead  348. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leucophoag)  348. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leucophoag)  348. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leucophoag)  349. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Acquia leucophoag)  340. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leucocephala)  350. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Leucaena leucocephala)  360. 445. 676 Dead  370. 470. 770 Dead  370. 770 Dead  370 Dead		,		(			*
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330. 439. 667 (Leucaena leucocephala)  Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  Tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive species standing closely with other trees, hence not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead, and standing in the project area, and bended. The tree is recommended for felling.  Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.	,			Subabul			
Subabul   Subabul   (Leucaena   leucocephala)   1.50   Tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive species standing closely with other trees, hence not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.    332.   441.   669   Subabul   (Leucaena   leucocephala)   1.50   Tree is dead, and standing in the project area, recommended for felling.    333.   442.   670   Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)   0.23   1.50   Tree is standing in the project area, and bended. The tree is recommended for felling.    334.   443.   671   Charcoal (Trema orientale)   0.87   3.00   proposed project area, recommended for felling.    335.   444.   672   Dead     proposed project area, recommended for felling.    336.   445.   673   Dead     proposed project area, recommended for felling.    337.   446.   676   Dead     proposed project area, recommended for felling.    338.   447.   679   Dead     proposed project area, recommended for felling.    339.   448.   680   Beli jalli   0.75   Tree is standing in the project area, recommended for felling.    339.   448.   680   Beli jalli   0.75   Tree is standing in the project area, recommended for felling.    339.   448.   680   Beli jalli   0.75   Tree is standing in the project area, recommended for felling.    339.   448.   680   Beli jalli   0.75   Tree is standing in the project area, recommended for felling.    339.   448.   680   Beli jalli   0.75   Tree is standing in the project area, recommended for felling.	330	439	667		0.24	2.00	exotic invasive species standing closely
Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  331. 440. 668 Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  332. 441. 669 Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  333. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  334. 443. 671 Charcoal (Trema orientale)  335. 444. 672 Dead  336. 445. 673 Dead  337. 446. 676 Dead  338. 447. 679 Dead  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  330. 20. 25 I.50 Tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive species standing closely with other trees, hence not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.  340. 1.50 Tree is dead, and standing in the project area, and bended. The tree is recommended for felling.  341. 1.50 Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  342. 1.50 Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  344. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  344. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  345. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  346. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  347. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  348. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  349. 1.50 Tree is standing in the project area, recommended for felling.  340. 1.50 Tree is standing in the project area, recommended for felling.	330.	437.	007		0.24	2.00	with other trees, hence not possible to
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331. 440. 668 (Leucaena leucocephala)  332. 441. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  333. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  334. 443. 671 Charcoal (Trema orientale)  335. 444. 672 Dead  336. 445. 673 Dead  337. 446. 676 Dead  338. 447. 679 Dead  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Aracia leucorphalae)  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli (Aracia leucorphalae)  330. Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  331. 440. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  332. 1.50 Tree is dead, and standing in the project area, and bended. The tree is recommended for felling.  340. 1.50 Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  341. 1.50 Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  342. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  344. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  345. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  346. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  347. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  348. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  348. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  348. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  359. 1.50 Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.				Cubabul	11		Tree is standing in the project area,
Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)   1.50   Tree is dead, and standing in the project area, recommended for felling.	221	440	669		0.25	1.50	exotic invasive species standing closely
Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)  332. 441. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  333. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  Charcoal (Trema orientale)  Charcoal (Trema orientale)  334. 443. 671 Dead  335. 444. 672 Dead  336. 445. 673 Dead  337. 446. 676 Dead  338. 447. 679 Dead  680 Beli jalli  A (Acacia leucophala)  1.50 Tree is dead, and standing in the project area, and bended. The tree is recommended for felling.  Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.	331.	440.	000	`	0.23	1.30	with other trees, hence not possible to
332. 441. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  333. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  334. 443. 671 Charcoal (Trema orientale)  335. 444. 672 Dead  336. 445. 673 Dead  337. 446. 676 Dead  338. 447. 679 Dead  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  330. 441. 672 In Inc. 10.24 Inc. 50 Inc. 10.24 Inc. 50 Inc.				teucocepnata)			take root ball, recommended for felling.
332. 441. 669 (Leucaena leucocephala)  333. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  334. 443. 671 Charcoal (Trema orientale)  335. 444. 672 Dead  336. 445. 673 Dead  337. 446. 676 Dead  338. 447. 679 Dead  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  331. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  340. 241. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)  341. 500 Tree is standing in the project area, and bended. The tree is recommended for felling.  340. 242. Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  340. 243. 674 Dead  341. 675 Dead  342. 675 Dead  343. 676 Dead  3445. 676 Dead  345. 677 Dead  346. 677 Dead  347. 678 Dead  348. 680 Beli jalli  348. 680 Beli jalli  349. 680 Beli jalli  349. 680 Beli jalli  340. 680 Beli jalli				Subabul			Two is dead and standing in the project
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334. 442. 670 Jungle (Dalbergia sp.) 0.23 1.50 bended. The tree is recommended for felling.  Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.				leucocephala)			area, recommended for felling.
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334. 443. 671 Charcoal (Trema orientale)  336. 444. 672 Dead  337. 446. 676 Dead  338. 447. 679 Dead  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  330. Charcoal (Trema orientale)  330. 87	333.	442.	670	Jungle (Dalbergia sp.)	0.23	1.50	bended. The tree is recommended for felling.
334. 443. 671 (Trema orientale)  O.87 3.00 proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.				- ·			Tree is dead, and standing within the
Carrier law	334.	443.	671		0.87	3.00	proposed project area, recommended for
Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is standing in the project area, forked hard wood species, recommended				(Trema orientale)			
335. 444. 672 Dead proposed project area, recommended for felling.  336. 445. 673 Dead - Tree is dead standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  337. 446. 676 Dead proposed project area, recommended for felling.  338. 447. 679 Dead proposed project area, recommended for felling.  338. 447. 679 Dead Proposed project area, recommended for felling.  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli	91						
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Tree is dead standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is standing in the project area, forked hard wood species, recommended	555.		0.2	2,000			
project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is standing in the project area, forked hard wood species, recommended for forked hard wood species, recommended							
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337. 446. 676 Dead proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Tree is standing in the project area, forked hard wood species, recommended for forked hard wood species, recommended	in .			4			
felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  Beli jalli  (Acaria leucophloca)  102  felling.  Tree is dead and standing within the propect area, recommended for felling.  Tree is standing in the project area, forked hard wood species, recommended	227	116	676	Dood			0
Tree is dead and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.  339. 448. Beli jalli (Acacia leucophloea) 1.02 1.50 forked hard wood species, recommended	337.	440.	0/0	Dead		· -	
338. 447. 679 Dead proposed project area, recommended for felling.  339. 448. 680 Beli jalli  (Acacia leucophloea) 1.02 1.50 forked hard wood species, recommended							
felling.  680 Beli jalli  A (Acacia leucophloea) 1.02 1.50 forked hard wood species, recommended							
339. 448. Beli jalli  A (Acacia leucophloea) 1.02  Tree is standing in the project area, forked hard wood species, recommended	338.	447.	679	Dead	,	-	
339. 448. Bell jalli (Acacia leucophloea) 1.02 1.50 forked hard wood species, recommended							
339. 448. (Acacia leucophloga) 1.02 1.50 forked hard wood species, recommended			680	Beli jalli	0.75		
for felling	339.	448.			1.02	1.50	
			Α (/	(Lieucia iencopinocu)	1.02		for felling

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340.	449.	681 A	Nerale (Syzygium cumini)	0.34 0.33	2.00 2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
341.	450.	682	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.64	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
342.	451.	683 A B	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.72 0.64 0.58	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, forked tree with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
343.	452.	684	Kakke (Cassia fistula)	0.86	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, hard wood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
344.	453.	685	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.68	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive species standing closely with other trees, hence not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.
345.	454.	687	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.62	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
346.	455.	688 A	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.44 0.39	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, forked tree with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
347.	456.	689	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.49	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for

	457. 458.	690	Gond Uccha bevehu	0.78	2.00	transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.  Tree is standing in the project area, bark damaged, recommended for felling.  Tree is standing in the project area, matured and not possible for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
		, , ,	(Melia dubia)			prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
350.	459.	692	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.23	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
351.	460.	693	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.40	2.00	Tree is standing in the project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
352.	461.	694	Cassia sp.	0.21	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, with protection zone infringed. The tree is recommended for felling.
353.	462.	695	Beriyajalli	0.57	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, with protection zone infringed. The tree is recommended for felling.
354.	463.	696	Jungle	0.67	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, with protection zone infringed. The tree is recommended for felling.
355.	464.	697	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.42	1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling
356.	465.	699	Cassia sp.	0.35	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent

		A		0.24		trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
357.	466.	700	Karijalli (Acacia nilotica)	0.49	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, hard wood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
358.	467.	703	Cassia sp.	0.24	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, bark is damaged, recommended for felling.
359.	468.	704	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.24	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
360.	469.	705 A B	Peltophorum sp.	0.56 0.47 0.35	1.50	Tree is standing in the project area, multi- forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
,		706	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.37		Tree is standing in the project area, forked tree with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is
361.	470.	A		0.31	1.50	compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
		В		0.36		Tree is standing in the project area, stunted
362.	471.	707	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.62	2.00	growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
		708	Hongo (Pougamia	0.33		Tree is standing in the project area, multi- forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised
363.	472.	A	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.32	1.50	by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended
		В		0.43		for felling.

364.	473.	710	- Cassia sp.	0.37	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent
		A		0.44		trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
365.	474.	711	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.47	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, exotic invasive species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
366.	475.	712	Cassia sp.	0.31	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
367.	367. 476.	713	Cassia	0.67	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay
		Α		0.26		during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
368.	477.	714	Kakke	0.20	3.00	Tree is standing in the project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay
	)	A		0.21		during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
369.	478.	715	Kakke	0.18	2.50	Tree is standing in the project area, partially dead recommended for felling.
370.	479.	716	Kakke	0.21	2.00	Tree is dead, and standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.
371.	480.	717	Kakke	0.23	1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.
372.	481.	718	Cassia sp.	0.37	3.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.

373. 374.	482.	719 A 720	Cassia sp.  Cassia sp.	0.34	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.  Tree is standing within the proposed project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation
		A		0.25	2.00	process), recommended for felling.
		721		0.28		Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth.  The species is basically a semi-parasite
375.	484.	A	Sandalwood	0.27	3.00	which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition
		В	(Santalum album)	0.23		(protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the Forest rules.
376.	485.	722 A B C	Cassia	0.36 0.26 0.26 0.23	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, multi-forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
377.	486.	723	Kakke (Cassia fistula)	0.35	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling
378.	487.	734	Dead	1,-1	-	Tree is dead standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.
379.	488.	744	Honge (Pongamia pinnata)	0.27	1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.
380.	489.	745	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.34	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, forked and bended, recommended for felling.

				Ţ,		Tree is standing within the proposed
381.	490.	746	Peltophorum sp.	0.60	3.00	project area, bark damaged not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
382.	491.	760	Rain tree	1.94	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, matured not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
		761		0.88	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is
383.	492.	A	Jungle	0.86	3.00	compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
384.	493.	762	Atti	2.90	1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, matured not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
385.	494.	763	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.35	2.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
						Tree is standing within the proposed project area, stunted growth not suitable
386.	495.	764	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.62	2.50	for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
387.	496.	765	Sisso (Dalbergia sisso)	0.64	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, hard wood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during

			7			excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
388.	497.	767	Dead	-	-	Tree is dead standing within the proposed project area, recommended for felling.
389.	498.	768	Sihi hunase	0.85	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, hard wood species bended not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
390.	499.	769	Paper Mulberry (Broissonetia	0.33	1.50 1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
		A	papyrifera)	0.29		prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
391.	500.	770	Paper Mulberry (Broissonetia papyrifera)	0.30	1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, exotic invasive hardwood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
392.	501.	771	Paper Mulberry (Broissonetia papyrifera)	0.23	1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, exotic invasive hardwood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
393.	502.	772	Paper Mulberry (Broissonetia papyrifera)	0.24	1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, exotic invasive hardwood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
394.	503.	773	Paper Mulberry (Broissonetia papyrifera)	0.25	1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, exotic invasive hardwood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root

		Ti-		7		ball / the relocation process), recommended
						for felling.
						Tree is standing within the proposed
395.	504.	774	Paper Mulberry (Broissonetia papyrifera)	0.26	1.50	project area, exotic invasive hardwood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
396.	505.	775	Paper Mulberry (Broissonetia	0.55	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, exotic forked invasive hardwood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby
		A	papyrifera)	0.30		prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
397.	506.	776	Acacia polycantha	0.23	1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
398.	507.	777	Chinna Neerali	0.45	1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
399.	605.	1003	Spathodea sp.	1.05	2.00	Tree is standing in proposed approach Road, bark damaged not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
400.	606.	1004	Sihi hunase (Pithecellobium dulce)	0.68	1.50	Tree is standing in proposed Boundary Wall, not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.
401.	607.	1005	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.67	3.00	Tree is standing in proposed Boundary Wall, not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.
402.	608.	1006	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.67	3.50	Tree is exotic invasive species standing in proposed Boundary Wall, not possible to take root ball, recommended for felling.

403,	609.	1008	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.46	6.00	Tree is exotic invasive species standing in proposed approach Road, tree bended recommended for felling.
404.	610.	1009 A	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.47 0.46	6.00	Tree is standing in proposed approach Road, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
405.	611.	1010	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.58	6.00	Tree is standing in proposed approach Road, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling
406.	612.	1011 A	Subabul (Leucaena leucocephala)	0.53 0.35	6.00	Tree is standing in proposed approach Road, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
407.	613.	1012 A	Jungle	0.26 0.26	2.50	Tree is standing in proposed approach Road, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
						Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth.  The species is basically a semi-parasite which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition
408.	614.	1013	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.28	2.50	(protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the Forest rules.
409.	615.	1014	Sandalwood	0.34	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth.  The species is basically a semi-parasite which takes the help of adjacent trees in

·ř	1	1	T(C . I II )			11
			(Santalum album)			the region for its growth and further in
						consideration to tree/site condition
						(protection zone of the tree is compromised
						by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root
						damage / decay during excavation of root
						ball / the relocation process), the tree is
						recommended for felling as per the
						Forest rules.
		,				Tree is standing within the proposed
						project area, forked tree with stunted
		II				growth not suitable for transplantation
		1016	Teak (Tectona	0.51		(protection zone of the tree is compromised
410.	616.	A	,	0.36	2.00	by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root
		A	grandis)	0.30		
		ı				damage / decay during excavation of root
						ball / the relocation process), recommended
						for felling.
			ı			Tree is standing in the proposed
411.	617.	1017	Sihi hunase	0.74	1.50	Boundary Wall and recommended for
	ľ					felling.
						Tree is standing in the proposed
412.	618.	1018	Sihi hunase	0.51	1.75	Boundary Wall and recommended for
				d		felling.
-	1					Tree is standing in the proposed
413.	619.	1019	Honge (Pongamia	0.72	2.00	Boundary Wall and recommended for
415.	015.	1015	pinnata)	0.72	2.00	felling.
		1				Tree is standing within the proposed
,i			I			project area, stunted growth not suitable
			Teak (Tectona			for transplantation (protection zone of the
414.	620.	1020	grandis)	0.35	2.50	tree is compromised by adjacent trees,
	ř I		8		1	thereby prone for root damage / decay during
						excavation of root ball / the relocation
			b.			process), recommended for felling.
	,					Tree is standing within the proposed
						project area, stunted growth not suitable
						for transplantation (protection zone of the
415.	621.	1021	Teak (Tectona	0.54	2.50	tree is compromised by adjacent trees,
			grandis)			thereby prone for root damage / decay during
	ļ i		·	l la	1	excavation of root ball / the relocation
						process), recommended for felling.
11 ;				-		
						Tree is standing within the proposed
						project area, stunted growth not suitable
			Teak (Tectona			for transplantation (protection zone of the
416.	622.	1022	grandis)	0.71	2.00	tree is compromised by adjacent trees,
			0	1		thereby prone for root damage / decay during
						excavation of root ball / the relocation
						process), recommended for felling.
417	622	1025	Teak (Tectona	0.31	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed
417.	623.	A	grandis)	0.27	3.00	project area, forked tree with stunted
	L					

			1			1 1 6 1 1 6
						growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
418.	624.	1026	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.51	2.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
419.	625.	1027	Teak (Tectona	0.35	2.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, forked tree with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by ediscent trees, thereby prope for root
		A	grandis)	0.27		by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
420.	626.	1028	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.67	3.00	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
421.	627.	1029 A	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.51 0.55	2.50 1.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, forked tree with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
422.	628.	1031	Jungle	0.45	2.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, hard wood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
423.	629.	1032 A	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.68 0.25	2.50 2.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during

						excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
424.	630.	1033 A B	Peltophorum sp.	0.57 0.41 0.30	2.50 3.00 6.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, multi-forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
425.	631.	1035	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.47	2.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), and recommended for felling.
426.	632.	1036	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.60	2.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, bark damaged and recommended for felling.
427.	633.	1037	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.39	1.50	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, bark damaged and recommended for felling
428.	634.	1038	Peltophorum sp.	0.45	2.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, bended not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
429.	635.	1041	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.45	2.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road with stunted growth not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
430.	636.	1043	Peltophorum sp.	0.25	3.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), recommended for felling.
431.	637.	1044	Cassia sp.	0.38	4.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, bended not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby

			Ť	1		prone for root damage / decay during
						excavation of root ball / the relocation
						process) and recommended for felling.
432.	638.	1045	Sandalwood (Santalum album)	0.29	2.50	Tree is standing within the proposed project area, bended with stunted growth. The species is basically a semi-parasite which takes the help of adjacent trees in the region for its growth and further in consideration to tree/site condition (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), the tree is recommended for felling as per the
						Forest rules.
433.	639.	1046	Neem (Azhadirachta indica)	1.77	2.50	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, matured not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process) and recommended for felling.
434.	640.	1047	Jungle	0.33	2.50	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, forked hard wood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process) and recommended for felling.
435.	641.	1048	Tore matti	0.51	3.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, hard wood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process) and recommended for felling.
						Tree is standing in the proposed approach
436.	642.	1049	Tore matti	0.28	3.50	road, hard wood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process) and recommended for felling.
437.	643.	1050	Tore matti	0.95	3.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, hard wood species not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during

						excavation of root ball / the relocation process) and recommended for felling.
438.	644.	1052 A	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.70 0.24	3.00 2.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), and recommended for felling.
439.	645.	1053 A B	Teak (Tectona grandis)	0.60 0.48 0.32	3.00 3.00 3.00	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, multi-forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), and recommended for felling.
440.	646.	1054 A B	Peltophorum sp.	0.67 0.60 0.34	2.00 2.00 2.50	Tree is standing in the proposed approach road, multi-forked not suitable for transplantation (protection zone of the tree is compromised by adjacent trees, thereby prone for root damage / decay during excavation of root ball / the relocation process), and recommended for felling.

TOTAL NUMBER OF TREES FOR FELLING = 440 Nos.

Tree Officer &
Deputy Conservator of Forests,

BBMP, Bengaluru