



BRUHAT BENGALURU MAHANAGARA PALIKE

Office of the
Deputy Conservator of Forests,
Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike
N.R Square, Bangalore

No: DCF/PR-2019/2022-23

Date: 15.03.2023

OFFICIAL MEMORANDUM

Sub: Permission regarding Translocation and Removal of trees which are standing at the Project Area from Yeshwanthpura Railway Station to Channasandra Railway Station for **Railway Doubling Project**, Bengaluru – reg

Ref: a. K-RIDE Application No. KRIDE/BYPL-HSRA/DL/Tree Auction/32 dtd 16.07.2021

b. Member Secretary, TEC and ACF Letter No. ACF-South/PR.89/2022-23 dtd 10.03.2023 along with Report and Proceedings of Tree Expert Committee

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Preamble:

The Additional General Manager (Civil), K-RIDE vide their letter cited under reference (a) above, has sought permission for clearance of 742 number of trees which are standing at the Project area extending from Yeshwanthpura Railway Station to Channasandra Railway Station for the K-RIDE project of “**Railway Doubling Project**”, Bengaluru

As such Public Notice dated 21.03.2022 was issued by the Tree Officer & DCF, Bengaluru Urban as per Section 8 (3) of the Karnataka Preservation of Trees Act 1976 (as amended in 2015) with the intention to invite objections/remarks from public.

In response to the public notice, one suggestion/objection was received from public within the stipulated dates. The Tree Officer has reported that the objector has requested the Tree Officer to delay the project so that some time will be available for public consultation. In reply to that, the Tree Officer, Bengaluru Urban Division has remarked that as per KPT Act 1976, he has been vested with powers only to issue a public notice and thus obtain the public opinion for the Government proposals to be executed in public interest which involve felling of more than 50 trees in number, for consideration.

Further, the Tree Officer, Bengaluru Urban Division also emphasized that the first priority of the Forest authorities will be to save and retain more number of trees at the spot/site and in case that is not possible, the next option would be translocation of such trees which fulfill the desired criteria and felling of the trees has to be last resort. The Compensatory Afforestation would involve planting of saplings duly following the norms of 10 saplings to be planted in lieu of each tree translocated/felled (i.e., in the ratio 1:10).

In this context, the Field Forest Officers, Bengaluru Urban Division conducted the spot inspections on 13.12.2021; 18.01.2022 and 02.03.2022, the ACF/DCF visited the areas on

06.04.2022, and then TEC visited the areas and conducted field Inspections on 06.09.2022, 07.09.2022, duly examining all the trees besides having discussions with the Project Engineers.

The Field Inspection Report was tabled during the TEC meeting held on 19.12.2022 and detailed discussions were held.

- i. The primary objective of the TEC was to retain-on-site as many trees as possible.
- ii. In case the trees are falling within the project activity area and their removal becomes inevitable, the next option for TEC was for translocation of trees depending upon its general condition and its location so that the extraction of root ball of adequate size becomes feasible.
- iii. The felling of trees has to be the last resort and that has to be done very judiciously in a prudent manner.

Based on the records/documents produced by K-RIDE, followed by thorough scrutiny of the same and detailed discussions of the field inspection reports which were prepared after examination of each and every tree, the following order is issued.

ORDER

Under the circumstances explained above and in exercise of the powers vested with the undersigned as per Section 8 (3) of Karnataka Preservation of Trees Act, 1976 and based on the guidelines and decisions taken as per the Field Inspection Report and Proceedings of the Meeting dated 19.12.2022 of the TEC for retention-on-site, translocation, and removal of trees which fall in the Project area extending from Yeshwanthapura Railway Station and Channasandra Railway Station, the below mentioned schedule is approved subject to the conditions mentioned thereon. This Order will come into effect after fifteen (15) days from the date of uploading of the order on the Official website of BBMP and for that purpose separate directions will be issued from this Office.

SCHEDULE

1. Based on the considerations as stated above and also detailed in the Report, the Thirty Eight (38) trees which are listed with justification, enclosed to this Official Memorandum as Annexure A have to be translocated. Hence permission is accorded to translocate the said 38 trees to suitable places as mentioned below in the 'Conditions'.
2. The remaining Six Hundred and Ninety Eight (698) trees only which are listed with justification, enclosed to this Official Memorandum as Annexure B can be removed. Hence permission is accorded for removal of these said 698 trees only as per the felling of trees norms adopted by Karnataka Forest Department (KFD).

Conditions

1. No damage should be caused to the trees which are retained on the spot, while carrying out the civil works or any project related works.
2. The trees which are retained-on-site have to be properly protected and maintained. Accordingly K-RIDE should give an assurance in this respect.
3. The translocation of trees should be done at the following proposed locations in collaboration with the DCF, BBMP. As per your letter cited under ref. (c), no other developmental activity has to be carried out in the following proposed areas for translocation of trees

The Location Site No. 03 which is situated near to the newly constructed Badminton Court, at Yeshwanthpur Railway Colony, Opposite to Treatment plant, Bengaluru.

4. The Persons/Agencies who are entrusted with translocation works should have sufficient knowledge and experience in such works.
5. The work of translocation of trees has to be executed under close supervision of Officials/Officers of Forest Wing of BBMP and according to the formulated guidelines of UAS, Bengaluru.
6. The trees so translocated have to be properly maintained and taken care of, for a minimum period of three years.
7. The entire process of translocation of trees has to be properly documented and records compiled in a systematic manner.
8. As per the Section 10 of KPT Act 1976, which provides that where any tree has fallen or destroyed due to force of nature or other natural causes, requires to plant a tree or trees in place of the tree so fallen or destroyed.
9. In lieu of the trees translocated and felled, 10 healthy and heighted saplings have to be planted in lieu of each tree either translocated or felled. The saplings have to be planted as per forestry practices and maintained for a minimum period of three years. Photographs and proper documentation has to be there for saplings/seedlings planted.
10. Regular monitoring must be done to ensure the conducive growth of translocated trees and planted saplings/seedlings.



Tree Officer and
Deputy Conservator of Forests
Bruhat Bengaluru Mahanagara Palike,
Bengaluru

Copy to:

1. The Additional General Manager (Civil), K-RIDE, Samparka Soudha, 1st Floor, Opp. Orion Mall, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Rajajinagar 1st Block, Bengaluru
2. The Chairman, Tree Authority and Chief Conservator of Forests, Bangalore Circle, Bangalore for kind information
3. The Member Secretary – Tree Expect Committee, and the Assistant Conservator of Forests, BBMP for information and further action.
4. The Assistant Conservator of Forests, BBMP for information and further action
5. The Range Forest Officer/Deputy Range Forest Officers for information and further action
6. Office Copy

Felling of Trees

Project Area : Extending from Yeshwanthpura Railway Station to Channasandra Railway Station for Railway Doubling Project

Sl.No	Tree No.	Name of the trees	Girth (Mtrs)	Height (Mtrs)	Justification
Bangalore Range					
1.	1 1A	Rain tree	2.43 1.50	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked branches and matured. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
2.	2	Atti	2.03	1.50	Tree is matured, the survival rate of matured tree is very less, due to decrease in metabolic activity. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
3.	4	Silver oak	0.39	2.00	This tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
4.	5	Arali	3.30	2.50	Mature tree, this tree is very close to neem tree No.6, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth . Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
5.	6	Bevu	0.52	1.50	This tree is very close to tree No.5 Arali, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
6.	7	Cherry	0.74	2.50	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
7.	8	Mango	0.78	2.00	Tree is having straight bole and found healthy, but it is located very near to private building. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
8.	9	Mango	1.38	1.50	Tree has forked branches and one forked branch was already pruned, this might be grafted one, the life span of grafted mango is short. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
9.	10	Rain tree	4.10	2.50	Matured tree and some branches are pruned. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
10.	11	Seeme thangadi	1.20	1.50	This tree is having less ecological significance. Hence it is recommended for felling.

11.	12	Kadu jathi	1.10	1.50	Matured tree and some branches are pruned. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
12.	13	Bevu	0.42	2.00	The tree is very lean and having curved trunk. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
13.	15	Arali	3.80	1.50	Matured tree and survival rate of matured tree is very less upon translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
14.	16	Bevu	0.88	2.00	This tree is hard wood species, and it is having curved trunk. The survival percentage of hard wood species is very less upon translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
15.	17	Coconut	0.85	2.00	This is tall tree, not possible to translocate. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
16.	18	Sihi hunse	0.40	2.00	Tree has multiple branches and the major branches are already pruned. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
17.	19	Sihi hunse	1.50	1.50	Matured tree, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
18.	20	Cherry	0.48	1.50	Tree has forked branches and some branches are already pruned. Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
19.	21	Mango	0.94	2.00	Tree has forked branches and it is very near to cherry tree No.20, and this is grafted tree. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
20.	22	Kadu jathi	0.99	1.50	Tree is matured, some branches are already pruned. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
21.	23	Kadu jathi	1.15	1.50	Tree is matured, some branches are already pruned. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
22.	24	Mango	0.75	1.50	This tree is very close to sihi hunse and it has forked branches, not possible to excavate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
23.	25	Coconut	0.85	12.00	Tall coconut tree, not possible to translocate. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

24.	26	Rain tree	2.55	2.00	Matured tree and it is having fissured on the main trunk at the bottom, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
25.	27	Rain tree	3.50	2.00	Matured tree and it is having fissured on the main trunk at the bottom, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
26.	28	Coconut	0.85	8.00	Tall coconut tree, not possible to translocate. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
27.	29	Coconut	0.88	8.00	Tall coconut tree, not possible to translocate. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
28.	30	Spathodea	2.58	3.00	Matured tree, and found hallowness on bottom of the trunk. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
29.	31	Kari jalli	1.70	1.50	Matured tree and bent and having one fissure on the bottom of the trunk. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
30.	32	Akasha mallige	1.15	2.00	Matured tree and the main trunk is mechanically damaged. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
31.	34 34A	Honge	0.50 0.40	1.50 1.50	Tree has multiple branches and one forked branch is twisted. This tree is very near to tree No.33. Not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
32.	35	Halsu	3.10	1.50	Matured tree, some big branches are already pruned. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
33.	36	Coconut	1.00	16.00	Tall coconut tree, not possible to translocate. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
34.	37	Coconut	1.05	16.00	Tall coconut tree, not possible to translocate. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
35.	38 38A	Rain tree	1.60 1.62	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked branches and it is matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling
36.	39	Coconut	0.92	16.00	Tall coconut tree, not possible to translocate. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

37.	45 45A	Rain tree	2.14 1.25	1.50 1.50	Matured tree and it is having forked branches and one branch is mechanically injured. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
38.	46	Kari jalli	1.05	2.00	Matured tree and the bark if the tree is almost damaged and it is lean. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
39.	47 47A	Rain tree	3.60 2.90	1.50 1.50	Matured tree and it is having 4 major branch and two branches are already pruned. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
40.	48	Rain tree	1.60	1.50	Matured tree, has straight bole, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
41.	49 49A	Rain tree	2.50 3.05	2.50 2.50	Matured tree, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
42.	50 50A	Rain tree	2.80 2.70	2.00 2.00	Matured tree and it has forked branches, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence this tree is recommended for felling.
43.	51 51A	Rain tree	2.45 2.40	1.50 1.50	Matured tree and tree is dead. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
44.	52	Honge	1.40	1.50	Matured tree and it has lot of stem galls and some portion of the main trunk is dead. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
45.	53	Honge	1.10	1.50	Tree has forked branches and some branches are already pruned, the pruned branches are infested with wood borer. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
46.	54	Honge	1.25	1.50	Matured tree and the bark and the trunk portion is mechanically damaged and it is infested with wood borer about 1 meter from the bottom. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
47.	55	Hunase	2.50	1.50	Matured tree, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

48.	56 56A	Hunase	2.50 1.35	1.50 1.50	Matured tree and it has forked branches, the survival rate of the matured tree is very less upon translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
49.	57	Nilgiri	2.50	2.50	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
50.	58	Rain tree	3.20	1.50	Mature tree and the survival rate of the matured tree is very less upon translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
51.	59	Honge	1.30	2.00	Matured tree and bend, found fungal fruiting bodies on the tree. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
52.	60	Nilgiri	2.75	3.50	Matured tree and it has least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
53.	61	Rain tree	3.00	1.50	Matured tree and Tree has forked branches and one major branch is pruned. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
54.	62	Rain tree	3.30	1.50	Matured tree and some branches are pruned. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
55.	63	Gulmohar	2.00	2.50	Matured tree and found stem knots, hence, it is recommended for felling.
56.	64 64A 64B	Honge	1.30 1.35 0.90	1.50 1.50 1.50	Tree has multiple branches and the bark and trunk of main branch is damaged. Hence it is recommended for felling
57.	66 66A	Kadu hunse	0.30 0.40	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked branches and it is very near to private building, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
58.	67 67A	Kadu hunse	0.32 0.30	1.50 1.50	Tree has multiple branches and it is located very near to private building. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
59.	70 70A	Spathodea	0.23 1.50	2.50 2.00	Matured tree and it is located near the private building, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
60.	71	Honge	1.70	1.50	Matured tree, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

61.	72	Hunse	2.70	1.50	Matured tree and some branches are pruned. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
62.	73	Cherry	0.65	2.00	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
63.	74	Bevu	0.56	1.50	Tree has straight bole, and the bark of the trunk is damaged. The survival rate of hard wood species is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
64.	75	Rain tree	0.95	1.50	The trunk of the bole is severely damaged, hence this tree is recommended for felling.
65.	76	Mahogany	0.38	1.50	Tree has multiple branches and two branches are lean. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
66.	77	Cherry	0.58	2.00	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
67.	78	Cherry	0.45	1.50	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
68.	79 79A	Rain tree	0.95 0.65	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked branches and matured, hence, it is recommended for felling.
69.	80	Rain tree	4.38	1.50	Matured tree and roots are exposed to surface. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
70.	81	Rain tree	4.40	1.50	Matured tree and found found fissure on the trunk at 1.0 meter from the bottom. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
Yelahanka Range					
71.	3	Seeme thangdi	0.36	1.30	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
72.	4	Honge	0.74	1.20	Tree is young and lean and it has multiple branches. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
73.	5 A	Gobbarada gida	0.27 0.27	1.60 1.60	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
74.	6 A	Honge	0.78 0.75	1.20 1.20	Tree has forked branches and matured, hence, it is recommended for felling.
75.	8	Spathodea	0.51	1.20	Tree is young and healthy and it is very near to private wall. Hence, it is very difficult to translocate. Hence, it is

					recommended for felling.
76.	9 A	Spathodea	0.50 0.29	1.20 1.20	This tree has multiple branches (3 Nos) and two of them are lean and bent. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
77.	11	Hebbevu	0.71	3.20	Tree is young and healthy, but not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to existing wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
78.	12	Spathodea	0.68	3.20	Tree is young and healthy, but not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to existing wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
79.	13	Rudrakshi	0.78	1.20	Tree is young and healthy, but not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to existing wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
80.	14	Hebbevu	0.76	2.10	Tree is young and healthy, but not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to existing wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
81.	15	Nelli	0.22	1.00	Tree is young and healthy, but not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to existing wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
82.	17	Nelli	0.28	1.20	Small tree not worth for translocation interim of cost of translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
83.	18	Gasagase	0.69	1.20	Tree is young and healthy, but not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to existing wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
84.	20	Neralli	0.35	1.20	Tree is young and healthy and it is very near to private wall. Hence, it is very difficult to translocate. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
85.	21	Nelli	0.31	1.10	Small and young tree, not worth for translocation interms of cost of translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

86.	22	Spathodea	1.53	5.20	Matured tree, hence it is recommended for felling. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
87.	23	Seeme thangdi	0.29	1.20	The ecological significance of this tree is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
88.	24	Paper mulberry	0.27	1.10	small and young, healthy tree not possible to excavate root ball of earth for translocation due to existing railway station structure. Hence, this is recommended for felling.
89.	25	Paper mulberry	0.30	1.10	small and young, healthy tree not possible to excavate root ball of earth for translocation due to existing railway station structure. Hence, this is recommended for felling.
90.	26	Seeme thangdi	0.60	1.50	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
91.	27	Subabul	0.37	1.40	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
92.	28	Seeme thangdi	0.56	1.20	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
93.	29	Seeme thangdi	0.37	0.50	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
94.	30	Honge	0.58	1.20	Tree is very close to tree No. 31 and it is bend, not possible to excavate root ball of earth for translocation due to presence of railway station wall. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
95.	31	Honge	0.57	1.10	Tree is very close to tree No. 30 and it is bend, not possible to excavate root ball of earth for translocation due to presence of railway station wall. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
96.	32	Subabul	0.41	1.40	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
97.	33	Seeme thangdi	0.34	1.10	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
98.	34	Seeme thangdi	0.30	1.10	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

99.	35	Seeme thangdi	0.31	0.80	Tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
100.	36	Jaka randa	1.39	3.20	Matured tree and the main trunk is mechanically damaged. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
101.	37	Basavana pada	1.48	1.50	Matured tree, the trunk is not straight and it is slant and the main trunk is mechanically damaged. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
102.	38	Basavana pada	1.08	1.30	Matured tree, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
103.	39 A	Rain tree	2.08 1.73	1.20 1.20	Matured tree, and it has forked branch not suitable for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
104.	40	Honge	0.81	1.50	Tree has number of knots on the trunk and also found fungal fruiting bodies and the tree is slanting position and the location is covered with concrete floor. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
105.	41	Honge	0.65	1.20	Tree has number of knots on the trunk and also found fungal fruiting bodies and the tree is slanting position and the location is covered with concrete floor. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
106.	42	Honge	0.77	1.10	Tree has multiple branches (3 Nos) and one among them is lean and the area is covered with concrete floor. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
107.	43 A	Honge	0.77 0.59	1.40 1.40	Tree has multiple branches (3 Nos) and one among them is lean and the area is covered with concrete floor. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
108.	44	Honge	0.42	1.10	Tree is lean and it is infested with wood borer, hence, it is recommended for felling.
109.	45 A B	Dalichand	0.73 0.65 0.41	1.20 1.20 1.00	Tree has multiple branches (3 Nos.) and bark of the major trunk is damaged. Tree is matured, hence, it is recommended for felling.
110.	47 A	Mahogany	0.87 0.34	2.00 1.20	Matured tree and it has forked branches, and the major trunk is damaged. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

111.	48	Tabebuia rosea	1.20	2.10	Tree has forked branches and it is matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling
112.	49 A	Tabebuia rosea	1.02 0.64	1.20 1.20	Tree has forked branches and it is matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling
113.	50	Badami	0.61	1.50	Tree has multiple branches from the bottom it self. Hence, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated. It is recommended for felling.
114.	51	Tabebuia rosea	1.06	1.30	Tree has multiple branches from the bottom it self. Hence, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated. It is recommended for felling.
115.	52 A	Tabebuia rosea	0.84 0.68	1.10 1.10	Tree has forked branches, and it is very close to tree No.51. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling
116.	54 A B	Tabebuia rosea	0.89 0.77 0.56	1.30 1.30 1.30	Tree has multiple branches (3 Nos.) and bark of the major trunk is damaged. Tree is matured, hence, it is recommended for felling.
117.	55	Dalichand	0.31	1.10	Tree is young and lean, not worth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
118.	57 A	Dalichand	0.36 0.23	1.20 1.20	Tree has forked branches and one forrked branch is lean and not worth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
119.	58	Mahogany	1.29	2.50	Matured tree, the survival rate of matured tree upon translocation is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
120.	59 A B C D	Honge	0.57 0.59 0.51 0.40 0.43	1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80 1.80	Tree has multiple branches (7 Nos.) from the bottom, matured tree, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
121.	60	Honge	0.69	1.20	Tree has forked branches just above the breast height, and the bottom of trunk is damaged, and the damaged portion is infested with wood borer. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

122.	61	Dalichandra	0.25	1.00	Tree has forked branches and the main trunk is mechanically damaged. The forked branches are lean and small. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
123.	62 A B	Honge	0.75 0.86 0.42	1.20 1.20 1.20	Tree has multiple branches (3 Nos.) and two of them are severely damaged, one damaged portion is infested with wood borer. Hence it is recommended for felling.
124.	63	Honge	0.38	1.10	Tree has forked branches and one forked branch was already pruned, the pruned portion is infested with wood borer. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
125.	64	Honge	0.79	1.20	Tree is matured and it has forked branches, the trunk is severely damaged from bottom to 1 meter height. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
126.	65	Dalichand	0.45	2.00	Tree is small and young and it has small branches from the bottom itself, the pruning of small branches may affect the rejuvenation of translocate tree. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
127.	66 A	Honge	0.58 0.45	1.20 1.20	Tree has forked branches and one major branch was pruned earlier and the pruned branch is infested with wood borer. This tree is located very near to tree No.67. Because of these reasons, this tree is recommended for felling.
128.	67 A	Mahogany	0.67 0.40	1.50 1.50	This tree is located near to tree No.66, tree is healthy and it has forked branches, but the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for scientific translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
129.	68 A	Honge	0.42 0.39	1.10 1.10	Tree has multiple branches (4 Nos.), and found to be healthy and it is located very near to existing private building. Hence, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for proper translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
130.	69 A	Honge	0.36 0.31	1.20 1.20	Tree has six branches and found to be healthy, not found any visual defects, but it is located very near to existing building. Hence, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for scientific translocation. Hence, this tree is

					recommended for felling
131.	70	Honge	0.36	1.10	This tree is young and healthy, located in the compound wall, so the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for scientific translocation. Hence, this is recommended for felling.
132.	71 A	Honge	0.80 0.61	1.30 1.30	Tree has multiple branches (3 Nos.) and it is located very near to the compound, hence, the root excavation is not possible for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
133.	72 A	Tabebuia rosea	0.97 0.80	1.50 1.50	Tree has multiple branches and it is near to tree No.73, some branches are pruned earlier. Epitomic shoots were also found due to stress. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
134.	73	Gasagase	0.50	1.10	The roots of this tree is exposed to surface, but tree is having straight and clear bole, not found any visual defects. Tree is having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
135.	74	Bevu	0.32	1.50	Small and young tree and is located in the compound, not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
136.	75 A	Jali	1.70 0.77	1.20 1.20	Tree has forked branches and it is having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
137.	76	Jali	1.24	2.50	Tree is having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
138.	77	Hunse	0.48	1.20	Tree is has multiple branches from the base it self. It is a hard wood species, it may not survive upon translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
139.	78	Rain tree	1.08	2.00	Tree No.78 is very close to tree No.79, not possible to excavate the root ball. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
140.	79	Rain tree	1.07	1.20	Tree No.79 is very close to tree No.78, not possible to excavate the root ball. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
141.	80	Rain tree	0.70	1.10	Tree No. 80 is very close to tree No.79 and it has multiple branches (5 Nos.), not possible to excavate the appropriate root

					ball. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
142.	81	Ane todlu	0.60	1.20	Tree has multiple branches (4 Nos.) from the base of the bole and little damaged on the main bole. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
143.	82	Sihi hunse	2.04	1.50	Matured tree, this tree may not survive upon translocation, since, the metabolic activity of aged tree decreases. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
144.	83	Paper mulberry	0.93	1.40	Tree has six branches, and it looks like clump, not possible to excavate the root ball. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
145.	84 A	Paper mulberry	1.20 0.35	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked branches and matured, hence, it is recommended for felling.
146.	87	Sihi hunse	1.79	1.50	Matured tree, and the main bole is damaged. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
147.	88	Sihi hunse	0.51	1.40	Tree has three branches from the base and it looks like separate trees, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
148.	89	Sihi hunse	0.36	1.10	Tree has five branches from the base of the bole, and it looks like clump. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
149.	90	Ballari Jali	1.13	1.10	This tree is hard wood species and the survival percentage of hard wood species is very less upon translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
150.	91	Jali	1.60	1.30	Tree has forked branches and twisted, matured tree. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
151.	92	Mango tree	0.40	1.20	Tree is young and healthy, but it looks to be grafted tree. The life span of grafted tree is less. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
152.	93	Honge	1.20	1.10	Tree has forked branches and observed fungal fruiting bodies and wood borderers on the main bole. Hence, it is unfit for translocation.
153.	94	Tabebuia rosea	0.62	1.20	Tree has four branches and bark of the tree is more or less completely damaged. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

154.	96	Paper mulberry	0.95	1.10	Tree has forked branches and tree No.96, 97 98, 99 and 100 are located 1.5 meter from each other. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
155.	97 A	Paper mulberry	0.68 0.54	1.20 1.20	Tree has forked branches and tree No.96, 97 98, 99 and 100 are located 1.5 meter from each other. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
156.	98	Paper mulberry	0.91	3.00	Tree has forked branches and tree No.96, 97 98, 99 and 100 they are located 1.5 meter from each other. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
157.	99	Paper mulberry	0.92	1.10	Tree has forked branches and tree No.96, 97 98, 99 and 100 they are located 1.5 meter from each other. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
158.	100	Paper mulberry	0.77	1.30	Tree has forked branches and tree No.96, 97 98, 99 and 100 they are located 1.5 meter from each other. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
159.	101 A	Bellary jali	0.35 0.36	1.10 1.00	Tree has forked branches from the base of the bole and it has less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
160.	102 A	Bellary jali	0.40 0.40	2.00 2.00	Tree has forked branches from the base of the bole and it has less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
161.	103 A	Sihi hunse	1.13 0.83	1.40 1.40	Tree has forked branches from the base of the bole and it is matured and it has less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
162.	104	Sihi hunse	1.41	1.60	Tree is matured, and it has straight bole and not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
163.	105	Mango tree	1.18	1.50	Matured tree and it has two branches just above the breast height. The survival rate of this tree is very less upon translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
164.	106	Hunse	1.02	1.60	Tree is located near the railway crossing room, some roots exposed to surface. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

165.	107	Nugge	0.86	1.80	This is not a perinneeal tree and usually grown for vegetable purpose. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
166.	108 A	Honge	0.74 0.61	1.50 1.50	Tree has five branches and it is near to existing retaining wall, the roots are exposed to surface, and the main bole is infested with wood borer. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
167.	109 A	Nelli	0.40 0.26	1.20 1.20	This tree has forked branches and again forked branch is again forked and it is very near to existing retaining wall. The tree is lean and weak. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
168.	110 A B	Peltophorum	0.92 0.93 1.08	3.00 1.50 2.00	Tree is matured and it has three branches at below girth at breast height. The survival rate of this matured tree is very less upon translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
169.	111	Rain tree	1.08	2.00	Tree is lean and bent and it is located very near to tree No.112. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
170.	112 A	Gasagase	0.65 0.46	2.00 2.00	Tree has forked branches from the base of the stem and it is very near to tree No.111. Hence, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
171.	114	Gasagase	0.60	3.00	Tree is having less ecological significance, hence, it is recommended for felling.
172.	115	Gasagase	0.85	3.00	Tree is having less ecological significance, hence, it is recommended for felling.
173.	116	Gasagase	0.53	2.00	Tree is having less ecological significance, hence, it is recommended for felling.
174.	117	Bellary jali	0.78	1.50	Tree has four branches and it is having less ecological significance, hence, it is recommended for felling.
175.	118	Rain tree	0.63	1.50	Tree is located near to tree No.114 and the main branch of this tree is pruned and also it is lean. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
176.	119	Rain tree	0.68	2.00	Tree is matured and it has four branches and it is near to tree No. 118. The root ball of earth excavation is not possible. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

177.	121 A B	Tapasi	0.51 0.45 0.42	2.00 1.00 1.00	Tree has three branches from the base of the bole and two of them bent towards the ground. Hence, not possible to excavate the root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
178.	123 A	Rain tree	0.34 0.28	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches, but young and lean. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
179.	124	Rain tree	0.30	1.50	Tree has forked branches at 1.5 meter from the ground level and tree is lean. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
180.	125 A	Gasagase	0.36 0.38	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches and it is having less ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
181.	126	Rain tree	2.65	2.50	Matured tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
182.	127 A	Subabul	0.53 0.36	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked branches from the base of the stem and it is bent. This tree is basically grown for green manuring purpose. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
183.	129 A	Sihi hunse	0.40 0.36	1.50 1.00	Tree has three branches from the base of the bole and one branch is very lean and this tree is not worth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
184.	130 A B	Rain tree	0.62 0.38 0.38	1.50 1.50 1.50	Tree has three branches arising from the bottom of bole and these branches are damaged and it looks like a clump. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
185.	131	Paper mulberry	0.84	2.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
186.	132	Paper mulberry	0.68	2.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
187.	133	Sihi hunse	0.43	1.00	Tree has forked branches and forked branch is twisted, not worth for translocation in terms of carbon foot print.

188.	134	Tapasi	0.68	1.00	Tree has straight bole and the bark of the tree is damaged and other trees are located near by, hence the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
189.	135	Paper mulberry	0.25	2.00	Tree is young, healthy having straight bole, not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
190.	137	Paper mulberry	0.24	3.50	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
191.	138	Paper mulberry	0.35	4.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
192.	139	Paper mulberry	0.48	4.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
193.	140	Paper mulberry	0.42	4.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
194.	141	Paper mulberry	0.56	2.10	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
195.	142	Paper mulberry	0.23	2.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
196.	143	Paper mulberry	0.28	2.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
197.	144	Paper mulberry	0.55	4.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
198.	145	Paper mulberry	0.22	1.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
199.	146	Paper mulberry	0.29	1.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
200.	147	Rain tree	0.37	1.00	Tree is young, healthy but it is not suitable for translocation in terms of economical point of view. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
201.	148	Rain tree	1.69	4.00	Matured tree, this tree may not survive upon translocation, since, the metabolic activity of aged tree decreases. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

202.	149	Sihi hunse	1.02	1.50	Tree has forked branches, and matured. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
203.	150	Paper mulberry	0.37	1.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
204.	151	Sihi hunse	1.27	1.50	Tree is located near other trees, excavation of appropriate root ball of earth is not possible. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
205.	152	Sihi hunse	1.11	2.50	Tree is located near other trees, excavation of appropriate root ball of earth is not possible. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
206.	153	Sihi hunse	1.01	3.00	Tree is located near other trees, excavation of appropriate root ball of earth is not possible. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
207.	154	Sihi hunse	0.37	1.00	Tree is young and located near other trees, excavation of appropriate root ball of earth is not possible. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
208.	155	Sihi hunse	1.24	1.50	Tree is located near other trees, excavation of appropriate root ball of earth is not possible. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
209.	156	Paper mulberry	1.24	5.00	Tree is matured, and also not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
210.	157	Sihi hunse	0.74	1.00	Tree has forked branches and the the forked branch is bent at 45 degree angle and it is unfit for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
211.	158 A	Paper mulberry	1.30 0.95	3.50 2.00	Matured tree, and has forked branches, not worth for translocation.
212.	159	Paper mulberry	0.33	1.50	Tree is young and it has fissure at the bottom of the bole. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
213.	160	Paper mulberry	0.26	1.50	Tree is young, healthy not found any visual defects and not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
214.	161	Sihi hunse	0.36	1.50	Tree is young, and small trees are associated with the main bole of this tree and one more branch is pruned. This tree is fast growing tree, not recommended for translocation in terms of economics point of view. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

215.	162 A	Bellary jali	0.67 0.72	1.50 1.00	Matured tree, one major branch is pruned earlier and not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
216.	163 A	Paper mulberry	0.37 0.30	1.00 1.50	Tree has three branches and not found healthy. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
217.	164	Sihi hunse	0.59	1.00	Tree is located in water body, and tree is young and healthy, and not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
218.	165 A	Paper mulberry	0.63 0.58	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches, tree is not found healthy, hence, it is not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
219.	166 A	Sihi hunse	0.34 0.32	1.00 1.00	Tree is has forked branches and not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
220.	167	Sihi hunse	1.33	1.00	Matured tree and not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
221.	168 A B	Rudrakshi	0.80 0.55 0.38	1.00 1.00 1.00	Tree has multiple branches and not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
222.	169 A	Paper mulberry	0.79 0.35	1.00 1.00	Tree has four branches, and the forked branches are lean. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
223.	170	Paper mulberry	0.57	1.00	Tree has five branches, and the base of the bole is damaged. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
224.	171	Paper mulberry	0.68	0.50	Tree has five branches and the main bole is bulged where branches are raised and the base of the bole is damaged. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
225.	172	Paper mulberry	0.48	0.50	Tree is young and it has forked branches and the forked branch is lean, not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
226.	173 A	Paper mulberry	0.37 0.28	1.00 1.00	Tree is young and it has forked branches and not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
227.	174	Nilgiri	0.81	4.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very negligible. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

228.	175	Paper mulberry	0.32	5.00	Tree has forked branches, and found to be lean. The girth of the tree is very less, hence, it is not economically feasible for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
229.	177	Paper mulberry	0.60	4.00	Tree has straight bole and some other small seedlings are also present around this tree. The ecological significance of this tree is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
230.	178	Nilgiri	1.55	5.00	Tree is matured and this is recommended for felling due to its negative impact on environment. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
231.	179	Paper mulberry	1.50	1.50	Matured tree and knots were observed on the main bole. Tree is recommended for felling due to its negligible ecological impact. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
232.	180 A	Paper mulberry	0.32 0.29	0.50 0.50	Tree has forked branches and the forked branches are twisted. These trees are not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
233.	181	Antwala	1.32	3.50	Matured tree, not worth for translocation since it is a fast growing tree. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
234.	182	Sihi hunse	0.44	2.00	Tree has multiforked from the base of the bole. The major bole of this tree is damaged. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
235.	183	Tapasi	0.69	2.00	Tree has multiforked (4 Nos.) and one major branch is pruned. This tree is matured, it will not survive upon translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
236.	184	Antwala	1.67	2.00	Matured tree, not worth for translocation since it is a fast growing tree. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
237.	185	Honge	0.24	1.00	Tree is young, and it is present in standing water since from more than six months, so the health of the tree may be affected. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
238.	186	Honge	0.43	1.00	Tree has multiforked and the major bole is already pruned, and it is infested with wood borer. Hence, it is recommended

					for felling.
239.	187	Rain tree	1.60	2.00	This tree is matured and it will not survive upon translocation, since the metabolic activity of the tree decreases with the age increases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
240.	189	Subabul	0.96	1.50	This tree is green maturing tree, not suitable for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
241.	190	Muttuga	1.09	1.00	Tree has multiforked (3 Nos) and one branch is already pruned, the major bole of the tree is majorly damaged at breast height. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
242.	191	Tapasi	0.56	1.50	Tree is young, healthy, not found any visual defects, but it is located very near to wall. Hence, the excavation of appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
243.	192	Spathodea	1.72	4.00	Tree is matured, not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
244.	193	Tapasi	0.45	1.00	Tree has three branches, and one branch is already pruned. Tree found to be lean. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
245.	194	Rain tree	0.32	1.00	Tree has forked branches from the base of the bole and the forked branches are twisted, hence it is recommended for felling.
246.	195	Paper mulberry	2.04	2.00	Tree is dead. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
247.	196	Subabul	1.65	2.00	Matured tree, due to its negligible ecological significance, it is recommended for felling.
248.	197 A	Subabul	0.98 0.67	2.00 1.50	Tree has forked branches, and it is basically a green manuring tree, due to its less ecological significance, it is recommended for felling.
249.	198	Subabul	1.20	1.00	It is basically a green manuring tree, due to its less ecological significance, it is recommended for felling.
250.	199	Subabul	0.53	1.00	It is basically a green manuring tree, due to its less ecological significance, it is recommended for felling.

251.	200	Dalichandra	0.55	2.50	Tree is young, but it is very close to tree No201, subabul (less than 1 feet), not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
252.	201	Subabul	1.15	2.00	It is basically a green manuring tree, due to its less ecological significance, it is recommended for felling.
253.	202	Nilgiri	0.77	1.50	Due to its less ecological significance, it is recommended for felling.
254.	203	Subabul	0.82	4.00	It is basically a green manuring tree, due to its less ecological significance, it is recommended for felling.
255.	204	Paper mulberry	0.42	2.00	Tree is young, healthy, and found some shoots risen from the base of the bole. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
256.	205	Arali	1.53	2.50	Matured tree, this tree may not survive upon translocation, since, the metabolic activity of aged tree decreases. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
257.	206 A	Rudrakshi	1.21 1.52	1.00 1.00	Tree has multi forked branches (4 Nos.) and it is matured and found hallowness at the bottom of the bole. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
258.	207	Spathodea	2.85	3.00	Matured tree, this tree may not survive upon translocation, since, the metabolic activity of aged tree decreases. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
259.	209	Arali	3.51	2.00	Matured tree, this tree may not survive upon translocation, since, the metabolic activity of aged tree decreases. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
260.	210	Arali	1.50	1.00	Tree has forked branches, matured, hence it is recommended for felling.
261.	211	Arali	2.20	1.00	Matured tree, this tree may not survive upon translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
262.	213	Arali	3.00	1.00	Matured tree, this tree may not survive upon translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
263.	214	Sihi hunse	1.50	2.00	Matured tree, due to its negligible ecological significance, it is recommended for felling.
264.	215 A	Sihi hunse	0.97 1.07	2.00 2.00	Tree has forked branches, matured. Due to its negligible ecological significance, it is recommended for felling.

265.	216	Sihi hunse	1.05	2.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
266.	217 A B	Sihi hunse	0.91 0.49 0.40	2.00 2.00 2.00	Tree has multiforked (3Nos.) two branches are lean, and due to least ecological significance of this tree, this tree is recommended for felling.
267.	218	Yelachi	0.94	0.50	This is a fruit tree, not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
268.	219	Bage	1.68	2.50	Matured tree, it has hallowness at the bottom of the bole and it is very close to wall. Hence, is recommended for felling.
269.	220 A	Dalichand	1.02 0.76	1.50 1.00	Matured tree, it has forked branches, and it is close to wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
270.	221	Christmas	0.31	0.50	It is an ornamental tree, and close to wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
271.	222	Silver	0.39	0.50	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
272.	223	Silver	0.53	0.50	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
273.	224	Silver	0.50	0.50	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
274.	225	Silver	0.47	0.50	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
275.	226	Hunse	2.30	1.50	Matured tree, the survival rate of matured tree upon translocation is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
276.	227	Cherry	0.77	1.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
277.	228	Nerale	0.83	0.50	Tree is located near the wall, but tree is young and healthy, not possible to excavate the root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
278.	229 A	Nerale	0.65 0.49	0.50 0.50	Tree has forked branches from the base of the bole. Tree located near the wall, not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth for translocation.

					Hence, it is recommended for felling.
279.	230	Silver tree	0.80	2.00	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
280.	231	Alasu	0.91	2.00	The tree is located near the wall, not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
281.	232	Mango	1.07	2.00	Tree is looks to be grafted and belongs to Mallika variety, the life span of grafted mangoes are less compared to cultivars. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
282.	233	Mango	0.84	0.50	Tree is looks to be grafted and belongs to Mallika variety, the life span of grafted mangoes are less compared to cultivars. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
283.	234	Nerale	2.25	2.00	Matrued tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
284.	235	Lakshmanapala	0.70	0.50	This tree is horticultural species, and it is bend toward the wall and also it is very close to wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
285.	236	Hebbevu/ nerale	0.86	2.00	Tree is young, healthy, not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to presence of wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
286.	237	Mango	0.85	1.00	Tree is looks to be grafted and belongs to Mallika variety, the life span of grafted mangoes are less compared to cultivars. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
287.	238	Mango	0.57	0.50	Tree is looks to be grafted and belongs to Mallika variety, the life span of grafted mangoes are less compared to cultivars. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
288.	239	Nerale	2.10	0.50	Matrued tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
289.	240	Atti	2.60	2.00	Matrued tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

290.	241	Nerale	0.71	1.00	Tree has forked branches and matured, Hence, it is recommended for felling.
291.	242 A	Sihi hunse	1.40 1.28	2.00 2.00	Tree has forked branches and it has hollows at breast height and matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
292.	243	Sihi hunse	0.40	0.50	Tree has multiforked (6 Nos.) and it looks like clump, due to its negligible ecological significance, it is recommended for felling.
293.	244	Honge	0.43	0.50	Tree has forked branches and entire tree is about to fall and it is located very near to wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
294.	245	Arali	3.40	2.00	Matured tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
295.	246	Neem	1.00	2.00	Silviculturally matured tree, tree will not survive upon translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
296.	247	Sihi hunse	0.41	1.00	Tree has forked branches and due to its negligible ecological significance, it is recommended for felling.
297.	248	Sihi hunse	0.62	1.00	Tree has forked branches and one major branch was pruned. Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
298.	249	Sihi hunse	0.38	0.50	Tree has multiple branches (4 Nos.) Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
299.	250 A	Sihi hunse	0.41 0.39	0.50 0.50	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
300.	251	Paper mulberry	2.05	2.50	Matured tree and ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
301.	252	Paper mulberry	3.30	2.50	Matured tree and ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
302.	253	Silver tree	1.90	4.00	Matured tree and ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling

303.	255	Cherry	0.90	0.50	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
304.	257 A B C	Bage	0.80 0.78 0.66 0.52	1.00 0.50 1.00 0.50	Tree has multiple branches (4 Nos.) from the base of the bole and little damaged on the main bole. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
305.	258	Neem	0.47	0.50	This tree is hard wood species, this tree will not survive upon translocation based on some scientific reviews. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
306.	259	Honge	0.62	0.50	Tree is young and forked, girdled at the bottom of the bole and also infested with wood borer. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
307.	260	Badam	0.65	1.00	Tree has multiforked (3 Nos.) and it is very near to electric pole. Tree is lean, found to be unhealthy. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
308.	261	Badam	1.18	0.50	Tree is very near to tree No. 262. Matured tree, the survival rate of matured tree upon translocation is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
309.	262	Bettada nellikai	0.56	0.50	This tree is very near to tree No.261, it has forked branches and healthy, and due presence of badam tree, the excavation of appropriate root ball of earth is not possible. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
310.	263	Neem	0.70	1.00	This tree is hard wood species and the survival percentage of hard wood species is very less upon translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
311.	264	Mango	0.88	1.50	Tree has hallowness at the bottom of the bole, hence it is recommended for felling.
312.	265	Seetha	0.28	0.50	Tree is very close to tree No. 264, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
313.	266	Cherry	0.80	1.50	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
314.	267	Bage	1.20	1.00	Matured tree and the bole of this tree is damaged at breast height. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

315.	268 A	Paper mulberry	1.13 1.06	0.50 0.50	This tree belongs to palm family, and this tree is lean. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
316.	269	Paper mulberry	0.85	0.50	This tree belongs to palm family, and this tree is lean. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
317.	270	Arali	2.00	2.50	Matrued tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
318.	271	Bage	2.05	2.00	Matrued tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
319.	272	Overasi	0.29	0.50	Tree has forked branches and it is in front of house. Tree is lean, not found to be healthy. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
320.	273	Honge	0.32	0.50	Tree is young, healthy, not found any significant visual defects, but is located near to the house, not possible to translocation.
321.	274 A B	Atti	1.20 0.80 0.92	0.50 0.50 0.50	Matured tree and it has multiforked (3 Nos.) and the survival rate of this tree is less upon translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
322.	275	Rain tree	2.98	4.00	Matrued tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
323.	276	Nerali	0.60	0.50	The bole of the tree is in S shape and more than 50 percent of bole is damage. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
324.	277	Sampige	1.10	2.00	Tree has multifork (4 Nos.) and it is lean and weak. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
325.	278	Mango	0.89	1.00	Tree looks to be grafted one and it is in front of private property. The life span of the tree is less compared to other cultivars. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
326.	279	Silver tree	1.00	1.50	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling

327.	280	Rain tree	2.60	1.00	Matrued tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
328.	281	Hunse	1.05	1.00	Tree has forked branches and matured, hence, it is recommended for felling.
329.	282	Rain tree	2.30	0.50	Matrued tree and it has multi forked branches (3 Nos.) and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
330.	283	Cheery	0.60	0.50	Ecological significance of this tree is very less, hence, this tree is recommended for felling
331.	284 A	Silver tree	0.80 0.69	2.00 1.50	Forked branches from the base of the bole and matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
332.	285	Teak wood	0.76	2.00	Tree is located near house (the property encroached), tree is healthy, not possible to excavate the root ball of earth. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
333.	286	Mango	0.86	1.00	This tree is grafted one, the life span of grafted mango is less compared to other cultivars. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
334.	287	Sihi hunse	3.17	2.00	Matured tree, the survival rate of matured tree upon translocation is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
335.	288	Gobra	0.71	0.50	Tree is green manuring tree, not worth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
336.	289	Mugli	1.01	1.00	Tree is matured, not worth for translocation.
337.	290	Mugli	1.05	1.50	Tree has least ecological significance, hence, it is recommended for felling.
338.	291	Mugli	0.92	1.00	Tree has least ecological significance, hence, it is recommended for felling.
339.	292	Mugli	0.88	1.50	Tree has multiforked (3 Nos) and Tree has least ecological significance, hence, it is recommended for felling.
340.	293	Mugli	0.87	1.00	Tree has least ecological significance, hence, it is recommended for felling.

341.	294 A	Mugli	0.92 0.87	2.00 1.50	Tree has forked branches and it has least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
342.	295 A	Mugli	0.90 0.79	1.00 1.20	Tree has forked branches and it has least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
343.	296 A	Mugli	0.42 0.37	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches and it has least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
344.	297 A	Rain tree	0.81 0.68	1.00 1.50	Tree is having straight bole and matured, hence, it is recommended for felling.
345.	298	Rain tree	0.72	1.00	Tree has forked branches, and matured. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
346.	299	Rain tree	0.63	0.50	Tree has forked branches from the base of the bole it self and one major branch of the forked branch was pruned. Tree is matured, hence, it is recommended for felling.
347.	300	Rain tree	0.94	0.50	Tree has forked branches and it is matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
348.	301 A	Subabula	0.48 0.47	0.50 0.50	Tree has mutifork (5 Nos.) green manuring tree, not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
349.	302 A B C	Bage	0.89 0.73 0.68 0.54	1.00 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multi forked branches (6 Nos.) just above 1 feet from the base of the bole and it is lean. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
350.	303 A	Sihi hunse	0.50 0.40	0.50 0.50	Tree has three branches just below the breast height, not worth for translocation in terms of ecological and economics point of view. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
351.	304 A B	Bage	1.30 0.80 1.10	1.00 0.50 0.50	Matured tree, the survival rate of matured tree upon translocation is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
352.	305 A	Kadu badam	0.80 0.71	0.50 1.00	Tree has forked branches, healthy not found any significant visual defects. But the tree is located near the house, not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

353.	306	Kadu badam	0.69	0.50	Tree has forked branches and it is matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling
354.	307 A	Kadu badam	0.65 0.55	0.50 0.50	Tree has multfork (3 Nos.) and it is located near the house, not possible to excavate the appropriate root ball of earth. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
355.	308 A	Kadu badam	0.60 0.40	1.00 0.50	Tree has multifork (3 Nos.) and it is lean and it is located near the house. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
356.	309	Kadu badam	0.48	0.50	Tree has forked branch, and located in the centre of the wall, not possible to excavate root ball of earth. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
357.	310	Kadu badam	1.25	1.50	Tree as straight bole and not found significant visual defects, and it is matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
358.	311 A	Honge	0.75 0.60	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches, and again both the branches are forked just below the breast height. This tree is near to tree No. 312. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
359.	312	Honge	0.70	1.00	This tree is near to tree No. 311, tree is healthy not found any visual defective symptoms. Excavation of root ball of earth is not possible due to presence of other tree. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
360.	314	Purka tree	4.05	4.00	Matured tree, the survival rate of matured tree upon translocation is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
361.	315 A B	Honge	1.70 1.10 0.57	1.00 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches just below the breast height and matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
362.	316 A B	Mango	0.32 0.28 0.22	0.50 1.00 0.50	Tree has multi fork (3 NOs.) and it is grafted. The life span of grafted tree is less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

363.	317 A	Rain tree	3.01 0.99	2.00 1.50	Tree is matured, the survival rate of matured tree is very less, due to decrease in metabolic activity. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
364.	318	Seeme Seeme thangadi	1.70	1.50	Matured tree, it is a green manuring tree not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
365.	319 A	Rain tree	1.80 0.65	1.50 0.50	Matured tree and it has forked branches. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
366.	320 A	Spathodea	1.23 1.18	1.50 2.00	Matured tree and half of the bole is damaged from the bottom to about 1 meter. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
367.	321	Gulmohar	0.80	1.00	Tree is matured and it is very near to tree No.322. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
368.	322	Mugli	0.92	1.50	Tree is matured and it is very near to tree No.321. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
369.	323	Honge	1.95	2.00	Matrued tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
370.	324	Honge	1.33	1.50	Matrued tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
371.	325	Rain tree	3.40	3.00	Matrued tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
372.	326 A	Rain tree	4.30 3.20	3.00 3.50	Matrued tree, it has forked branches and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
373.	327 A B	Rain tree	2.30 2.55 2.10	3.50 3.50 3.50	Matrued tree and it has multi fork and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
374.	328	Rain tree	4.60	2.00	Matrued tree and the survival rate of this tree is very less, since the metabolic activity of the matured tree decreases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

375.	329	Rain tree	4.83	3.00	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
376.	330	Hoovarasi	1.92	1.00	Matured tree, some of the branches are pruned, found decay at the bottom of the bole. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
377.	331 A	Hoovarasi	1.55 1.43	1.50 1.00	Tree has forked branches, matured. Hence it is recommended for felling
378.	332 A	Hoovarasi	1.47 1.19	0.50 0.50	Tree has forked branches, matured. Hence it is recommended for felling
379.	333	Hoovarasi	1.79	1.00	Matured tree, one major branch is pruned, and found decay at 1.5 feet from the ground level. Hence, it is not fit for translocation.
380.	334	Jali	1.10	0.50	This tree is not fit for translocation considering the ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
381.	335	Jali	1.12	0.50	This tree is not fit for translocation considering the ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
382.	336	Jali	1.00	0.50	This tree is not fit for translocation considering the ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
383.	337	Ficus benzamina	2.80	1.50	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
384.	338	Aththi	2.65	1.50	Matured tree and roots exposed to surface. Excavation of appropriate root ball is not possible for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
385.	339 A	Honge	1.78 1.30	0.50 0.50	Tree has forked branches, matured, the major branch is dead and it is infested with wood borer. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
386.	340	Subabula	0.55	1.00	This tree is generally grown for fodder and manure purpose and it is not having much ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

387.	341 A	Rain tree	1.75 1.50	1.50 2.00	Tree has forked branches and matured and found knot/gall like structure at forking. Hence, it is recommended for felling
388.	342	Nerale	2.60	1.50	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
389.	343	Nerale	2.70	2.00	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
390.	345	Hunse	1.68	0.50	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
391.	346	Nerale	3.20	1.50	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
392.	347	Takoma	1.10	0.50	Tree is young but lean and not found healthy. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
393.	348 A	Nerale	1.50 0.65	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked branches and matured and some branches are pruned. Hence this tree is recommended for felling.
394.	349	Nerale	2.80	1.50	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
395.	350	Nerale	1.45	2.00	Matured tree and it is very near to existing compound wall and root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling
396.	351 A	Hunse	0.70 0.80	0.50 0.50	Tree has forked branches, matured and it is very to existing compound wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
397.	352 A	Nerale	1.90 1.00	2.50 0.50	Tree has forked branches and one branch is lean, matured tree and it is located very near to existing location. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

398.	353	Nerale	1.30	1.50	Tree Is healthy, not found any visual defects but it is located near to compound wall, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
399.	354 A	Nerale	2.30 1.90	2.50 1.50	Tree has multiforked (3 branches), matured and it is very near to existing compound wall. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
400.	355 A B	Nerale	1.80 1.50 0.80	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiforked (3 branches), matured and it is very near to existing compound wall. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
401.	356	Nerale	2.60	1.00	Tree has forked branches, and some of the branches are pruned, tree is matured. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
402.	357	Nerale	1.40	1.50	Matured tree and it is very near to existing compound wall and root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling
403.	358 A B	Nerale	1.70 1.40 1.20	2.50 0.50 2.50	Tree has multiforked (3 branches), and one major branch is pruned, tree is matured and it is very near to existing compound wall. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
404.	359 A	Nerale	1.60 1.20	0.50 0.50	Tree has forked branches, matured and it is very to existing compound wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
405.	360 A	Nerale	1.60 1.40	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked branches and matured and it is located very near to compound wall. Hence, this tree cannot be suitable for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
406.	361 A	Nerale	1.70 1.10	1.00 1.00	Matured tree and it has forked branches near to compound wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling

407.	362	Nerale	1.60	2.00	Matured tree and bend towards the existing railway line. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
408.	363 A	Nerale	1.70 1.50	2.00 2.00	Tree has forked branches and matured. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
409.	364	Nerale	2.40	3.00	Matured tree and it is very near to existing compound wall and root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling
410.	365 A	Seeme thangadi	0.50 0.40	0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches, the base of the tree is damaged, it is having least ecological significance, since this tree is grown as green manure and fodder purpose. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
411.	366 A	Spathodea	2.20 1.20	2.00 1.50	Tree has forked branches, and one major branch of the tree is pruned, and the pruned branch is infested with wood borer. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
412.	367	Hunse	1.80	1.50	Matured tree and it is very near to existing compound wall and root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling
413.	368	Gulmur	1.90	1.00	Matured tree and it is lean. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
414.	369	Gulmur	3.20	2.00	Matured tree and it is very near to existing compound wall and root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling
415.	370	Peltophorum	2.00	1.50	Matured tree and it is very near to existing compound wall and root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling
416.	373 A B	Mango	2.80 1.80 1.00	1.50 1.00 0.50	Tree has forked branches and all the branches are already pruned. Tree is matured. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
417.	374	Silver tree	3.00	4.00	Matured tree and tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
418.	375	Silver tree	1.60	4.00	Matured tree and tree is having less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

419.	376	Rain tree	1.70	2.50	Mature tree, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
420.	378	Rain tree	2.20	2.00	Mature tree, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
421.	380	Arali	4.00	1.50	Mature tree, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
422.	381 A	Ala	1.38 1.06	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches and one branch is bent toward the existing railway line. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
423.	382 A B C D	Ala	2.80 1.20 1.35 1.40 1.00	2.00 2.00 1.50 1.00 1.00	Matrued tree and it has multiple branches and some major branches of the tree is already pruned. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
424.	383 A	Ala	1.20 1.10	0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches (3), matured and one major branch is pruned. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
425.	384 A B	Ala	2.40 1.80 1.40	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches (4), matured and bend toward the existing compound wall. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
426.	385 A	Ala	2.00 1.10	1.50 1.00	Tree has multiple branches (3), matured and bend toward the existing compound wall. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
427.	386	Jali	2.50	1.50	Matured tree, having knots on the bole and it is located very near to compound wall. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
428.	387 A	Seeme thangadi	1.10 1.08	2.00 2.00	Tree has forked branches, matured and it is very to existing compound wall. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
429.	388	Seeme thangadi	2.01	2.50	Matured tree, it is very near to existing compound wall (less than 1 feet). Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
430.	389	Hunse	0.90	0.50	Tree is young and has straight clear bole, not found any visual defects, but it is very close to compound wall. Hence, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be

					excavated. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
431.	390	Mugli	2.10	2.00	Mature tree and bole of the tree is damaged. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
432.	391 A	Mugli	0.80 0.62	0.50 0.50	Tree has forked branches and one of the branch is mechanically damaged, and it is located near to compound wall. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
433.	392	Mugli	0.89	0.50	The bole of the tree is mechanically damaged and found not suitable for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
434.	393	Mugli	0.86	1.00	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
435.	394 A	Mugli	0.76 0.63	2.00 2.00	Tree has forked branches and some branches are pruned. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
436.	395	Mugli	0.59	1.50	The bark of the tree is completely damaged and found not suitable for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
437.	396	Mugli	0.56	1.50	Tree is young and it is bent towards the compound wall and also it is very near to that compound wall. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
438.	397	Mugli	0.98	1.00	Tree has forked branches and one branch is bent towards the compound wall and found damaged to the bole. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
439.	398 A B	Mugli	0.92 0.80 0.76	2.00 1.50 2.00	Tree has multiple branches (3) and found fissures on the bole, matured, hence not suitable for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
440.	399	Honge	0.55	0.50	Tree is young and healthy but it is close to residential building, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
441.	400	Honge	0.84	0.50	Tree looks like S shape and bent towards the existing compound wall, not fit for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

442.	401	Honge	0.40	0.50	Tree is young but it is almost fallen
443.	402 A B	Honge	0.40 0.41 0.35	5.00 5.00 5.00	Tree has multiple branches (4) from the base of the stem. The appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
444.	403	Rain tree	0.60	4.00	Tree is young and it is close to tree No.402, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
445.	404	Rain tree	0.72	3.50	Tree is young but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
446.	405 A B C	Honge	0.38 0.34 0.31 0.20	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree is young, it has forked branches (4) but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation.
447.	406	Rain tree	0.69	3.50	Tree is young but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
448.	407	Paper mulberry	0.40	3.00	Tree is young but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
449.	408	Paper mulberry	0.37	4.00	Tree is young but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
450.	409 A B	Paper mulberry	0.92 0.92 0.67	1.50 1.50 1.50	Tree is young, it has 4 branches, but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
451.	410	Paper mulberry	0.42	1.50	Tree is young but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

452.	411	Rain tree	0.96	3.00	Tree is young but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
453.	412	Rain tree	0.78	3.00	Tree is young but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
454.	413	Rain tree	0.64	3.00	Tree is young but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
455.	414	Rain tree	0.88	3.00	Tree is young but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
456.	415 A	Rain tree	0.95 0.80	2.00 2.00	Tree has forked branches, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
457.	416	Rain tree	1.07	1.20	Tree is young but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
458.	417 A	Rain tree	0.88 0.74	2.50 2.50	Tree is young and it has forked branches but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
459.	418 A B	Rain tree	0.75 0.69 0.70	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree is young and it has multiple branches but there are other trees located near to this tree, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
460.	419 A B C D	Rain tree	0.90 0.71 0.74 1.15 0.62	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches (5) and matured, not possible to excavate proper appropriate root ball of earth due to presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

461.	420	Rain tree	0.45	1.50	Tree is young, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
462.	421	Rain tree	1.03	2.00	Tree is bent and some root exposed to surface, not fit for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
463.	422	Rain tree	0.75	2.00	Tree is young and healthy, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
464.	423	Rain tree	0.74	3.00	Tree is young and healthy, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
465.	424 A	Rain tree	1.02 0.83	0.30 0.50	Tree has forked branches, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
466.	425	Rain tree	1.09	2.00	Tree is bent on one side but healthy, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth due to presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
467.	426 A	Rain tree	0.75 0.47	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked branches and not found any visual defects. The suitable root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to presence of other trees, hence it is not fit for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
468.	427	Rain tree	0.56	2.50	Tree is lean and bent due to closed/narrow spacing between the trees, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
469.	428	Rain tree	0.54	3.00	Tree is lean due to closed/narrow spacing between the trees, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
470.	429	Rain tree	0.48	2.00	Tree is lean and bent due to closed/narrow spacing between the trees, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth. Hence, this

					tree is recommended for felling.
471.	430 A	Paper mulberry	0.73 0.56	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches from the base of the bole, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth due to presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
472.	431	Mahogany	0.43	0.50	Tree is young, healthy, not found any visual defects. The appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
473.	432	Rain tree	0.47	0.70	Tree is lean due to closed/narrow spacing between the trees, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
474.	433	Rain tree	0.84	2.00	Tree is lean due to closed/narrow spacing between the trees, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
475.	434	Arali	2.35	1.00	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
476.	435	Mahogany	1.15	1.50	Tree is very close to other tree and not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
477.	436	Tabebuia rosea	0.42	2.50	Tree is young and healthy, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
478.	437	Cherry	0.64	1.50	Fast growing tree not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
479.	438 A B	Honge	0.54 0.44 0.36	1.50 1.50 1.50	Tree has multiple branches (4 Nos) two from the base of the bole, three branches are leaned, appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
480.	439 A	Honge	0.66 0.63	1.25 1.25	Tree has forked branches from the base it self, and two branches are bend in opposite direction, excavation of appropriate root ball of earth is not

					possible due to narrow spacing between trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
481.	440	Hoovarasi	1.07	1.25	Tree has forked branches and one branch is lean, not possible to excavate root ball of earth due to the presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
482.	441	Honge	0.70	1.50	Tree has forked branches, found wood borer on the main bole it self, hence it is recommended for felling
483.	442 A	Nerale	0.56 0.42	1.00 1.00	Tree has multiple branches (3 Nos.) and it is closed to existing railway station building. Hence, excavation of suitable root ball of earth is not possible, not fit for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
484.	443	Silver tree	1.03	4.00	The ecological significance of this tree is less and not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
485.	444 A B C D	Honge	0.83 0.50 0.33 0.36 0.27	1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50	Tree has multiple branches (5 Nos.) and matured, the chances of survival is very less upon translocation. Hence, not fit for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
486.	445	Honge	0.55	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, and near to tree No.444, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for translocation.
487.	446 A B C D E	Honge	0.62 0.72 0.61 0.47 0.40 0.32	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches (7 Nos) and this tree is very near to other trees and excavation of root ball is not possible due to closed spacing between trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
488.	447	Tabebuia rosea	0.55	1.50	Young and healthy tree, near to tree No446, hence not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
489.	448 A	Honge	0.60 0.68	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked benches, not possible to excavate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

490.	449	Tabebuia rosea	0.80	2.00	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visible defective symptoms, but it is very close to other trees, hence, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
491.	450	Nugge	0.80	2.50	Horticultural perennial tree, not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
492.	451	Kadu badam	0.52	1.00	Tree is young, but it girdled at the bottom of the base. Not fit for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
493.	452	Silver tree	0.97	1.50	Tree is of less ecological significance, hence not suitable for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
494.	453	Nugge	1.00	1.50	Horticultural perennial tree, not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
495.	454	Papaya	0.96	1.00	Horticultural perennial tree, not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
496.	455	Kunkuma	0.48	1.00	Tree is very close to residential building, not possible to excavate root ball of earth. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
497.	456	Kadu badam	0.63	1.50	Tree is young, healthy, not found any visual defects. The appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
498.	457 A B	Gulmohar	1.19 1.02 0.87	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches (4), matured and the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
499.	458	Basavanapada	1.03	1.00	Epicormic shoots were raised on tree and found the tree is under stress. Hence, it is not fit for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
500.	459	Mahogany	0.71	2.00	Tree is young, healthy, but roots are constricted on the soil surface, hence, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

501.	460	Kunkuma	0.37	1.00	Tree has small multiple branches raised from the base it self, and the bole is constructed. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
502.	461	Basavanapada	0.97	1.50	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
503.	462 A B C	Nerale	0.46 0.42 0.37 0.47	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches, the main bole is girdled due to tree guard, the roots are constricted due to tarred road. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
504.	463 A B C D	Honge	1.20 0.65 0.63 0.48 0.61	1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50 1.50	Tree has multiple branches, and the roots of this tree are constricted. Hence, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation since the other side of tree is parking.. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
505.	464 A	Basavanapada	0.68 0.45	0.50 0.50	Tree is located near existing parking, and it is forked branches, one side of the tree is road and the other side is concreted floor, the excavation of root ball is very difficult. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
506.	465 A B	Hoovarasi	0.61 0.45 0.45	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches (3 Nos.) and it is located near existing concrete floored parking lot, the excavation of appropriate root ball of earth is difficult. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
507.	466 A	Hoovarasi	0.51 0.44	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches and it is located near existing concrete floored parking lot, the excavation of appropriate root ball of earth is difficult. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
508.	467 A B C	Honge	0.41 0.35 0.30 0.40	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches (3) and some minor branches are pruned earlier and it is affected with wood borer and fungal fruiting bodies. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
509.	468	Basavanapada	0.80	1.50	Tree is healthy, but it is located near the existing parking lot and one building, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for scientific translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
510.	469	Mahogany	0.80	1.50	Tree is young and healthy but it is close to residential building, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth

					for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
511.	470 A	Hoovarasi	0.66 0.45	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked branches and the branches are bent opposite each other, and it is located near the existing parking lot, tree is healthy but not possible to excavate root ball of earth. Hence, this is recommended for translocation.
512.	472 A B	Hoovarsai	0.50 0.30 0.32	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches, the main branches of this tree are girdled due to tree guard, the smaller branches are pruned earlier and found insect attack on the pruned branches. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
513.	473 A B	Honge	0.60 0.50 0.45	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches, one major branch was already pruned. The hollowness was observed in the main bole. Hence, it is recommended for felling
514.	474	Oversi	0.63	1.00	Tree is bent and it has 5 branches just above the breast height, and the roots are constricted on the surface. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
515.	475 A	Mahogany	0.81 0.41	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches, and the forked branch is lean and thin and the tree is seems to be matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
516.	476 A B	Basavanapada	0.54 0.40 0.40	1.50 1.50 1.50	Tree has multiple branches (3) and two branches are raised from 2 feet from ground level and the forked branches are mechanically damaged and it is infested with fungal fruiting bodies. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
517.	477	Rain tree	3.20	3.50	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
518.	478	Hunse	1.30	1.50	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
519.	479	Hunse	1.50	2.50	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling

520.	480 A	Hunse	1.42 1.40	0.50 0.50	Tree has forked branches and matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
521.	481	Rain tree	2.30	4.00	Tree is matured, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling
522.	482	Silver tree	0.34	2.00	Tree is young and healthy and not worth for translocation because of least ecological significance. Hence it is recommended for felling.
523.	483	Cherry	0.42	1.00	Tree is young and healthy and not worth for translocation because of least ecological significance. Hence it is recommended for felling.
524.	484	Neem (dry)	1.19	1.50	Tree is bend and dried. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
525.	485	Mango	0.90	2.00	Tree is located near the existing quarters, and it is matured, not possible to excavate root ball for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
526.	486 A B	Neem (dry)	0.86 0.83 0.83	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches (3 Nos) and it is already dried. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
527.	487	Burga	1.00	3.00	Tree has straight bole and not found any defective symptoms, and this tree is very close to tree 485. Hence, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
528.	488	Silver tree	1.40	2.00	Tree is matured and due to least ecological significance of this tree, it is recommended for felling.
529.	489	Kadamba	1.08	3.00	Tree has two branches just above the breast height and it is very to existing compound and matured, the root ball of earth can not be excavated, hence it is recommended for felling.
530.	490	Ashoka	0.92	1.00	Tree is not significant in terms of ecological importance, hence it is not worth for translocation. Hence, tree is recommended for felling.

531.	491 A B C	Rain tree	1.60 1.70 1.80 1.75	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Matured tree, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth due to existing wall and also the metabolic activities of the matured tree is decreases, hence, if it is trans located also, the survival rate is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
532.	492	Mango	1.20	3.00	Matured tree, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth due to existing wall and also the metabolic activities of the matured tree is decreases, hence, if it is trans located also, the survival rate is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
533.	493	Mango	1.32	1.00	Matured tree, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth due to existing wall and also the metabolic activities of the matured tree is decreases, hence, if it is trans located also, the survival rate is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
534.	494	Mango	0.90	1.00	Matured tree, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth due to existing wall and also the metabolic activities of the matured tree is decreases, hence, if it is trans located also, the survival rate is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
535.	495	Mango	1.67	2.00	Matured tree, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth due to existing wall and also the metabolic activities of the matured tree is decreases, hence, if it is trans located also, the survival rate is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
536.	496	Rain tree	0.71	1.50	Healthy tree but lean towards one side, and the roots are exposed to surface. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
537.	497 A	Jali	1.00 0.76	2.00 2.00	Tree has forked branches, and having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

538.	498 A B C	Mugli	1.07 0.67 0.66 0.67	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	Tree has multiple branches, and mechanically damaged, matured tree not possible to excavate root ball of earth. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
539.	499	Jali	1.00	3.00	Healthy tree and having least ecological significance, hence, it is recommended for felling.
540.	500 A B	Rain tree	0.78 0.85 0.72	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches and matured and bent, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth, the survival rate is very less, if it is trans located with difficulty, since the metabolic activity decreases as the age of the tree increases.
541.	501	Rain tree	1.19	1.00	Tree is healthy, the bole of the tree is straight, matured tree, hence, it is recommended for felling.
542.	502 A B	Rain tree	1.10 0.92 1.01	1.00 1.00 1.00	Tree has multiple branches and matured and bent, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth, the survival rate is very less, if it is trans located with difficulty, since the metabolic activity decreases as the age of the tree increases.
543.	503 A	Rain tree	1.30 1.16	2.00 2.00	Tree has forked branches and tree is matured, the survival rate is very less, if it is trans located with difficulty, since the metabolic activity decreases as the age of the tree increases. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
544.	504	Subabul	0.67	1.50	Tree is having least ecological significance, since this is green manuring fast growing tree. Hence, it is not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
545.	505	Rain tree	0.94	1.50	Tree is bent on one side but healthy, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth due to presence of other trees.
546.	506	Rain tree	0.86	1.50	Tree is bent on one side but healthy, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth due to presence of other trees. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

547.	507	Subabula	0.57	2.00	Tree is having least ecological significance, since this is green manuring fast growing tree. Hence, it is not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
548.	508 A B	Rain tree	0.93 0.85 0.41	0.10 0.10 0.10	Tree has multiple branches and matured, hence it is unfit for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
549.	509 A	Bellary jali	0.90 0.92	0.10 0.10	Tree has forked branches, and it is having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
550.	510	Bellary jali	0.70	1.00	Tree is having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
551.	511 A	Bellary jali	0.36 0.32	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches, and it is having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
552.	512 A B	Jali	0.87 0.88 0.62	1.00 1.00 1.00	Tree has multiple branches, and it is having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
553.	513 A	Bellary jali	1.16 1.47	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches, and it is having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
554.	514	Bellary jali	0.52	1.00	Tree is having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
555.	515 A B	Seeme thangadi	0.33 0.44 0.29	1.00 1.00 1.00	Tree has multiple branches and it is having least ecological significance, since this is fodder fast growing tree. Hence, it is not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
556.	516 A	Bellary jali	0.58 0.54	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches, and it is having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
557.	517 A B	Bellary jali	0.64 0.44 0.37	1.00 1.00 1.00	Tree has multiple branches, and it is having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
558.	518	Sihi hunse	0.70	2.00	Tree is healthy and having straight bole, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to presence of other trees.

559.	519 A B	Bellary jali	0.47 0.55 0.44	1.00 1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches, and it is having least ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
560.	520	Honge	0.62	1.00	Tree has multiple branches and one branch is dead and it is infested with wood borer and not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation due to presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
561.	521 A B C	Seeme thangadi	0.36 0.31 0.34 0.41	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	Tree has multiple branches and it is having least ecological significance, since this is fodder fast growing tree. Hence, it is not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
562.	522	Sihi hunse	0.80	1.00	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visible defective symptoms, but it is very close to other trees, hence, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
563.	523 A	Kadu jathi tree (dry)	0.44 0.40	0.50 0.50	Tree is dead. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
564.	524	Paper mulberry	0.29	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visible defective symptoms, but it is very close to other trees, hence, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth.
565.	525	Christmas tree	0.42	1.00	Tree is young and healthy, due to its less biomass, the carbon sequestration potential of this tree is less, hence, it is not worth for translocation in terms of carbon foot print. Hence it is recommended for felling.
566.	526	Erali	0.38	0.50	This tree is horticultural species, the life span of this tree is very less. Hence, it is not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
567.	527	Erali	0.40	0.50	This tree is horticultural species, the life span of this tree is very less. Hence, it is not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
568.	528	Erali	0.30	0.50	This tree is horticultural species, the life span of this tree is very less. Hence, it is not worth for translocation. Hence, this

					tree is recommended for felling.
569.	529	Erali	0.30	0.50	This tree is horticultural species, the life span of this tree is very less. Hence, it is not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
570.	530	Christmas tree	0.34	1.00	Tree is young and healthy, due to its less biomass, the carbon sequestration potential of this tree is less, hence, it is not worth for translocation in terms of carbon foot print. Hence it is recommended for felling.
571.	533	Paper mulberry	2.30	1.00	Tree is matured and not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
572.	534 A B C	Honge	0.32 0.32 0.30 0.28	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multi forked branches from the base itself, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
573.	535 A B	Honge	0.35 0.20 0.20	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multi forked branches from the base itself, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
574.	536 A B C	Honge	0.39 0.39 0.32 0.37	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiforked branches from the base of the tree and it is mechanically damaged, hence this tree is unfit for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
575.	537 A B C	Honge	0.64 0.43 0.29 0.30	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches and two branches are raised from the base of the bole, some branches are pruned already and pruned branches are infested with wood borer. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
576.	538	Mugli	1.55	0.50	Matured tree and some branches are dead and fallen, hence it is recommended for felling.
577.	539 A	Honge	0.72 0.52	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches and raised from the base of the bole, further one branch is again forked. The appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to due to presence of tree No.541. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling
578.	540	Atti	0.25	1.00	Tree is young by age but it has prominent fissure exactly at the base of the bole and

					the main bole is mechanically damaged (50 per cent of the bark is damaged). Hence, it is unfit for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
579.	541 A	Arali	0.62 0.30	1.00 1.00	Tree has multiple branches (3 Nos.) from the base of the stem, and it is very near to existing building and also tree No. 542 hence the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling
580.	542	Neem	0.32	1.00	Tree is young and it bent like S shape below 2 feet from the base and then it has straight bole. It is located near to existing building and also other tree No.541. Hence, the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated, it is recommended for felling.
581.	543	Subabul	0.20	1.00	Tree is having less ecological significance, since it is green manuring tree. Hence, it is not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
582.	544 A	Kadu jathi tree	0.32 0.33	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches and it is located very near to tree No.545 and tree is having less above ground biomass, so the carbon sequestration potential of this tree is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
583.	545	Subabul	0.40	1.00	Tree is having less ecological significance, since it is green manuring tree. Hence, it is not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
584.	546 A B C D	Honge	0.47 0.43 0.40 0.50 0.45	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	Tree is having multiple branches from the base of the bole and it is near to other trees and found scale insects on tree and also found fungal fruiting bodies on one branch, it indicates some portion of wood is dead. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
585.	547	Paper mulberry	0.79	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

586.	548	Paper mulberry	0.30	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
587.	549	Paper mulberry	0.30	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
588.	550	Paper mulberry	0.49	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
589.	551	Paper mulberry	0.35	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
590.	552	Paper mulberry	0.42	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
591.	553	Paper mulberry	0.29	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
592.	554	Paper mulberry	0.37	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
593.	555	Subabul	0.47	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

594.	556	Sihi hunse	0.34	1.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
595.	557	Subabul	0.48	1.00	Tree is having less ecological significance, since it is green manuring tree. Hence, it is not worth for translocation.
596.	558 A	Mugli	0.58 0.36	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches and tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
597.	559	Paper mulberry	0.47	1.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
598.	560	Mugli	0.85	1.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
599.	561	Mugli	0.47	1.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
600.	562	Mugli	1.60	1.00	Tree is matured and tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
601.	563	Dalichandra	0.41	1.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

602.	564	Dalichandra	0.36	1.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
603.	565	Dalichandra	0.86	1.50	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
604.	566 A	Dalichand	0.49 0.41	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked branches and tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
605.	567	Dalichand	0.45	1.50	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
606.	568	Dalichand	0.47	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
607.	569	Dalichand	0.42	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
608.	570	Sihi hunse	0.31	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
609.	571	Dalichand	0.69	2.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the

					presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
610.	572 A B C	Rain tree	0.62 0.71 0.79 0.71	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	This tree has multiple branches (5 Nos.) from the base of the bole and Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
611.	573 A	Sihi hunse	0.39 0.31	1.00 1.00	This tree has multiple branches (3 Nos.) from the base of the bole and Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
612.	574	Dalichandra	0.36	1.00	Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
613.	575	Sihi hunse	0.72	1.00	This tree is very close to tree No. 576 and other tree like Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
614.	576	Sihi hunse	0.38	1.00	This tree is very close to tree No. 575 and other tree like Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
615.	577	Jali	0.89	1.00	Tree has multiforked (7 Nos) and having least ecological significance and also Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

616.	578	Dalichandra	0.38	1.50	Tree has multiforked (8 Nos) and Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
617.	579 A	Dalichandra	0.35 0.32	1.50 1.00	Tree has forked branches, both the branches are lean and bent and further Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
618.	580	Dalichandra	0.45	1.00	Tree has forked branches at 1.5 feet from the ground level and one forked branch is bent at 45 degree angle. Further Tree No. 547 to 586 are very close to each other and looks like a cluster, and these are not planted trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated due to the presence of other trees. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
619.	581	Sihi hunse	0.42	2.00	Tree has straight and healthy bole and it is very near to other trees, hence, the root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
620.	582	Cherry	0.38	0.50	This tree has multiforked and it is having less ecological significance, it is not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
621.	583 A	Sihi hunse	0.25 0.25	0.50 0.50	Tree has multiforked (4 Nos.) from the base of the bole further this tree is very close to other trees, the root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
622.	584	Elaichi	0.50	0.80	Tree has multiforked and bend and it is very close to other trees, so appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
623.	585 A B	Mugli	0.89 1.01 0.87	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has three branches from the base of the bole and tree has bent and matured, not suitable for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

624.	586	Honge	0.36	0.50	Tree has three branches from the base of the bole and one bole, and the forked branches are separated at a distance of 0.5 feet. And the roots are exposed to surface. Hence, it is not suitable for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
625.	587 A	Sihi hunse	0.98 0.35	0.50 0.50	Tree has forked branches from the soil surface and one branch is already fallen and it seems to be matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
626.	588 A B C	Sihi hunse	0.49 0.61 0.59 0.69	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches from the base of the bole and two branches are already fallen and tree is matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
627.	589	Bellary jali	0.52	0.50	The ecological significance of this tree is less, hence, it is unfit for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
628.	590	Bellary jali	0.98	0.50	The ecological significance of this tree is less, hence, it is unfit for translocation.
629.	591 A B	Mugli	0.35 0.35 0.34	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multi forked and the main trunk is lean and bend and roots are exposed to surface. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
630.	592 A B C D E	Bellary jali	0.35 0.32 0.25 0.29 0.28 0.28	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiforked branches from the base of the tree and the forked branches are spread 0.5 mt from the base of the main trunk, the ecological significance of this tree is less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
631.	593 A B C D	Bellary jali	0.39 0.34 0.29 0.27 0.26	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiforked branches from the base of the trunk and the ecological significance of this tree is less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
632.	594 A	Bellary jali	0.43 0.41	0.50 0.50	Tree has forked branches and one branch is already pruned. The ecological significance of this tree is less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
633.	595	Sihi hunse	0.41	1.00	This tree has three branches and these are raised from 2 feet above ground level and near to tree No.598, hence the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

634.	596	Paper mulberry	0.29	2.00	This tree has multiforked (3 branches) from the base of the trunk and it is not found healthy by visual appearance. Hence, it is recommended for felling
635.	597 A	Paper mulberry	0.31 0.25	1.00 1.00	This tree has multiforked (3 branches) from the base of the trunk and one branch is separated by a distance of 0.5ft and it is not found healthy by visual appearance. Hence, it is recommended for felling
636.	598	Paper mulberry	0.49	2.00	Tree is young and healthy, but due to the presence of other trees the root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
637.	599	Paper mulberry	0.35	1.50	Tree is young and healthy having straight bole and this is very close to so many paper mulberry trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
638.	600	Paper mulberry	0.78	1.50	Tree is young and healthy having straight bole and this is very close to so many paper mulberry trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
639.	601 A B	Paper mulberry	0.41 0.38 0.36	1.00 1.00 1.00	Tree is young and healthy having multi forked branches and this is very close to so many paper mulberry trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
640.	602 A	Paper mulberry	0.36 0.35	1.00 1.00	Tree is young and healthy having straight bole and this is very close to so many paper mulberry trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
641.	603	Paper mulberry	0.29	1.00	Tree is young and healthy having straight bole and this is very close to so many paper mulberry trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
642.	604	Paper mulberry	0.23	2.00	Tree is young and healthy having straight bole and this is very close to so many paper mulberry trees. The root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
643.	605	Nayi nerale	1.55	2.00	Matured tree and some branches are already pruned, hence it is

					recommended for felling.
644.	606 A	Nayi nerale	0.83 0.70	1.50 1.50	Tree has forked branches and main trunk is bent on one side due to building and some roots are exposed to surface. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
645.	607	Sihi hunse	0.70	0.50	The roots of this tree is exposed and spread on the soil surface, the main trunk is mechanically damaged. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
646.	608	Mugli	0.84	0.50	Tree has forked branches and one small branch is lean and bent on one side. The other branches of this tree are mechanically damaged and the damaged portion is infested with wood borer. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
647.	609 A B	Sihi hunse	0.54 0.72 0.61	0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches from the base of the bole and one major branch is bent towards the ground and fissure on another major trunk. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
648.	610	Sihi hunse	0.44	0.50	Tree is young and it has three branches from the base of the bole and it is very near to railway track, hence the appropriate root ball of earth excavation is not possible. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
649.	611	Sihi hunse	0.40	0.50	The excavation of appropriate root ball of earth is not possible since this tree is very close to tree No.612, but tree is found to be healthy and not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
650.	612	Sihi hunse	0.40	0.50	The excavation of appropriate root ball of earth is not possible since this tree is very close to tree No.611, but tree is found to be healthy and not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
651.	614	Mugli	0.40	0.50	Tree has forked branches and the branches are small and appears like a bush, not worth for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
	A	Mugli	0.40	0.50	
652.	615	Seeme thangadi	0.61	1.00	This tree is not worth for translocation, since it is a fodder tree. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

653.	616	Sihi hunse	0.45	0.50	Tree has multiple branches (4Nos) and it is very close to tree No.615. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
654.	617 A B C D	Sihi hunse	0.45 0.38 0.36 0.41 0.39	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches (13 Nos.) and looks like a clump, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball for translocation. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
655.	618	Elaichi	0.89	1.00	This tree has hollowness at the bottom and one branch is already pruned. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
656.	619 A B C D E	Sihi hunse	0.40 0.36 0.39 0.34 0.35 0.35	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches (10 Nos.) and this tree looks like a clump, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
657.	620	Sihi hunse	0.20	0.50	Tree has forked branches and it is not worth for translocation since the girth of this tree is very less. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
658.	621	Mugli	0.38	0.50	Tree is bent and it has forked branches and the forked branch is again bent parallel to ground, and the roots are exposed to surface. This tree is very close to (less than 0.5 feet) tree No. 622, the root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
659.	622 A	Mugli	0.40 0.38	0.50 0.50	Tree is bent and it has forked branches and the forked branch is again bent parallel to ground, and the roots are exposed to surface. This tree is very close to (less than 0.5 feet) tree No. 622, the root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
660.	623	Seeme thangadi	0.52	1.00	Tree has multiple branches and appears like a bush. Tree is having less ecological significance since, it is a fodder tree. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
661.	624 A	Seeme thangadi	0.41 0.30	0.50 0.50	Tree has multiple branches and appears like a bush. Tree is having less ecological significance since, it is a fodder tree. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
662.	625	Mugli	0.35	0.50	Tree has forked branches and one branch is broken/fallen and it is surrounded by other trees. Hence it is recommended for felling.

663.	626 A B	Bellary jali	0.45 0.36 0.28	0.50 0.50 0.50	This tree has eight branches and It is having less ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
664.	627 A	Bellary jali	0.40 0.35	0.50 0.50	This tree has twelve branches and It is having less ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
665.	628	Bellary jali	0.34	0.50	This tree has multiple branches and it is having less ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
666.	629 A B	Bellary jali	0.57 0.44 0.52	0.50 0.50 0.50	This tree has multiple branches and it is having less ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
667.	630 A B	Bellary jali	0.55 0.35 0.30	0.50 0.50 0.50	This tree has multiple branches and it is having less ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
668.	631 A B	Bellary jali	0.44 0.35 0.40	0.50 0.50 0.50	This tree has multiple branches and it is having less ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
669.	632 A B	Bellary jali	0.41 0.25 0.26	0.50 0.50 0.50	This tree has multiple branches and it is having less ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
670.	633 A	Bellary jali	0.48 0.33	0.50 0.50	This tree has multiple branches and it is having less ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
671.	634	Bellary jali	0.75	0.50	This tree has multiple branches and it is having less ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
672.	635	Bellary jali	0.68	1.00	Tree is having straight bole and not worth for translocation due to its less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
673.	636 A	Bellary jali	0.45 0.32	0.50 0.50	This tree has multiple branches and it is having less ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.

674.	637	Bellary jali	0.95	1.00	Tree is having straight bole and not worth for translocation due to its less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
675.	638	Bellary jali	0.44	0.50	Tree has forked branch and not worth for translocation due to its less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
676.	639	Bellary jali	0.35	0.50	Tree is having straight bole and not worth for translocation due to its less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
677.	640	Rain tree	0.45	1.00	Tree is having straight bole and not worth for translocation due to its less ecological significance. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
678.	641 A	Rain tree	0.58 0.52	1.00 0.50	Tree has forked branches and matured, hence not worth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
679.	642 A B	Bellary jali	0.58 0.44 0.35	0.50 0.50 0.50	This tree has multiple branches and it is having less ecological significance. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
680.	643	Rain tree	0.90	1.00	Tree has multiforked (3 branches) and found hollowness at the bottom of the bole. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
681.	644	Rain tree	0.55	1.00	Tree has three branches and these are raised from about one foot from the ground level and the forked branches are bend more than 45 degree from the main trunk. Hence, it is recommended for felling
682.	645	Sihi hunse	0.35	1.00	Tree is young and healthy and near to tree No.644, so the root ball of earth cannot be excavated. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling
683.	646	Honge	0.46	0.50	This tree is young and it is very close to private residential buildings so the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
684.	647	Honge	0.44	0.50	This tree is young and it is very close to private residential buildings so the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, this

					tree is recommended for felling.
685.	648	Dalichandra	0.48	1.00	This tree is young and it is very close to private residential buildings so the appropriate root ball of earth cannot be excavated for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
686.	649	Rain tree	2.89	0.80	Tree is matured and it is very close to private building. Hence, this is recommended for felling.
K.R.Puram Range					
687.	1 1A 1B 1C 1D 1E	Sihi hunse	0.4 0.39 0.44 0.38 0.74 0.48	3.00 4.00 4.00 4.00 2.00 2.00	Tree has multiple branches and appears like a bush. Tree is having less ecological significance since, it is a fodder tree. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
688.	2 2A 2B	Sihi hunse	1 0.9 0.8	3.00 2.00 2.00	Tree has multiple branches and some branches are already pruned and this tree is matured. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
689.	3 3A	Kari jali	1 0.92	2.00 3.00	Tree has forked branches and it is matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
690.	4 4A	Sihi hunse	0.4 0.38	2.00 2.00	Tree has forked branches and it has fissure at the bottom. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
691.	5 5A	Sihi hunse	1 0.7	2.00 2.00	Tree has five branches from the bottom itself and also found fissure and hollowness at the bottom of the bole. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
692.	6 6A 6B 6C	Sihi hunse	0.9 0.8 0.6 0.77	3.00 2.00 3.00 2.00	Tree has multiple branches and matured. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
693.	7	Sihi hunse	0.4	2.00	Tree has forked branches and the forked branch is lean and thin and the main trunk is also very lean. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
694.	8	Sihi hunse	0.4	2.00	Tree has more than 16 branches and it looks like a clump, not possible to translocate. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.

695.	9 9A 9B	Rain tree	0.55 0.48 0.44	1.00 1.00 1.00	This tree has nine branches and some of the branches are twisted and pruned, not possible to excavate appropriate root ball of earth for translocation. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
696.	10 10A	Hunse	0.45 0.45	1.00 1.00	Tree has 8 branches and two branches are pruned, and the tree looks like matured. Hence, it is recommended for felling.
697.	11	Spathodea	0.42	1.00	This tree has eight branches and it is near to road and existing compound wall. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
698.	12 12A	Kari jali	1.35 1.05	0.4 0.4	Tree is matured and having forked branches and the forked branches are bent in opposite direction. Hence, this tree is recommended for felling.
Total trees for Felling = 698 Nos.					


Tree Officer &

Deputy Conservator of Forests,
BBMP, Bangalore.

Transplantation of Trees

Project Area : Extending from Yeshwanthpura Railway Station to Channasandra Railway Station for Railway Doubling Project

Sl.No	Tree No.	Name of the trees	Girth (Mtrs)	Height (Mtrs)	Justification
Bangalore Range					
1	3	Halasu	0.41	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
2	14	Nayi nerale	0.40	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
3	33	Sausage tree	0.65	1.50	Tree is having straight bole and found healthy. It is very close to tree No.34, Suggested to excavate root ball of earth with utmost care. It is recommended for translocation.
4	40	Sausage tree	0.56	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
5	41	Mahogany	0.83	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
6	42	Sausage tree	0.98	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
7	43	Sausage tree	0.96	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
8	44	Sausage tree	1.08	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
9	65	Jum nerale	0.38	2.00	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
10	68	Arali	0.70	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
11	69	Arali	0.88	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.

Yelahanka Range					
12	1	Hebbevu	0.88	2.00	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
13	2	Hebbevu	0.50	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
14	7	Hebbevu	0.76	2.20	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
15	10	Hebbevu	0.77	2.20	Tree is young and healthy, hence it is recommended for translocation.
16	16	Nerali	0.39	1.20	Tree is young and healthy, hence it is recommended for translocation.
17	19	Arali	0.77	2.10	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence it is recommended for translocation.
18	46	Badami	0.59	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, but bole at the bottom is mechanically damaged, it will not hinder the growth of trans located tree. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
19	53 A	Honge	0.59 0.43	1.20 1.20	Tree has forked branches but healthy. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
20	56	Mahogany	0.68	1.50	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence it is recommended for translocation.
21	85	Hebbevu	0.46	2.50	Tree is young and has straight, clear bole, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
22	86	Kadu badami	0.72	2.50	Tree is young and has straight, clear bole, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
23	95	Tabebuia rosea	0.55	1.20	Tree is young, healthy, has clear and straight bole, not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
24	113	Rain tree	0.78	3.00	Tree is young and healthy not found any visual defects, it is a fast growing tree, hence it is recommended for translocation.
25	120	Tapasi	0.65	2.00	Tree is young and healthy, and it is having straight bole and not found any visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
26	122	Arali	0.32	1.00	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence it is recommended for translocation.

27	128	Rain tree	0.30	1.50	This tree is young and healthy, hence it is recommended for translocation.
28	136	Honge	0.48	2.00	Tree is young and healthy, not found any visual defects. Hence it is recommended for translocation.
29	176	Mahogany	0.76	1.00	Tree is healthy, having straight bole found to be healthy, hence it is recommended for translocation.
30	188	Rain tree	0.81	4.00	Tree is young and it has straight bole and not found any visual defective symptoms. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
31	208	Nerale	0.96	1.00	Tree has straight bole, healthy, not found any significant visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
32	212 A	Thare	0.56 0.46	1.00 1.00	Tree has forked branches, found healthy. Committee recommended to translocation by pruning branch A.
33	254	Nerale	0.65	0.50	Tree is young, healthy not found any visual defects, recommended for translocation.
34	256	Bage	0.92	1.00	Tree is young, healthy and it has straight bole, not found any significant visual defects. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
35	313	Spathodea	0.74	1.00	Tree has straight bole and not found any significant defective symptoms. Hence, it is recommended for translocation.
36	471	Mahogany	0.70	1.00	Healthy tree, not found any defective symptoms, recommended for translocation.
37	531	Hoovarasi	0.45	0.20	Tree has forked branches and found healthy, hence it is recommended for translocation.
38	532	Neem	0.35	3.00	Tree is young and found healthy, hence, it is recommended for translocation.
Total trees for Translocation = 38 Nos.					


Tree Officer &

Deputy Conservator of Forests
BBMP, Bangalore.

